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SP.637 If $a, b, c > 0, a + b + c = 3$ and $\lambda \geq 0$ then:

$$\frac{a + \lambda}{b^2 + 1} + \frac{b + \lambda}{c^2 + 1} + \frac{c + \lambda}{a^2 + 1} \geq \frac{3(\lambda + 1)}{2}$$

Proposed by Marin Chirciu – Romania

Solution 1 by proposer

Lemma 1: If $a, b, c > 0, a + b + c = 3$ then:

$$\frac{a}{b^2 + 1} + \frac{b}{c^2 + 1} + \frac{c}{a^2 + 1} \geq \frac{3}{2}.$$

Proof: We have:

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \frac{a}{b^2 + 1} &= \sum \left(1 - \frac{ab^2}{b^2 + 1} \right) \stackrel{AGM}{\geq} \sum \left(a - \frac{ab^2}{2b} \right) = \sum \left(a - \frac{ab}{2} \right) = \sum a - \frac{1}{2} \sum ab = \\ &= 3 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(\sum a)^2}{3} = 3 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3^2}{3} = \frac{3}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if $a = b = c = 1$.

Lemma 2: If $a, b, c > 0, a + b + c = 3$ then:

$$\frac{1}{b^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{c^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{a^2 + 1} \geq \frac{3}{2}.$$

Proof: We have:

$$\sum \frac{1}{b^2 + 1} = \sum \left(1 - \frac{b^2}{b^2 + 1} \right) \stackrel{AGM}{\geq} \sum \left(1 - \frac{b^2}{2b} \right) = \sum \left(1 - \frac{b}{2} \right) = 3 - \frac{1}{2} \sum a = 3 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 = \frac{3}{2}.$$

Equality holds if and only if $a = b = c = 1$. Let's get back to the main problem.

Using the Lemmas, we obtain:

$$\begin{aligned} LHS &= \sum \frac{a + \lambda}{b^2 + 1} = \sum \frac{a}{b^2 + 1} + \lambda \sum \frac{1}{b^2 + 1} \stackrel{\text{Lemma 1} + \text{Lemma 2}}{\geq} \\ &\geq \frac{3}{2} + \lambda \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3(\lambda + 1)}{2} = RHS \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if $a = b = c = 1$.

Solution 2 by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{a + \lambda}{b^2 + 1} = \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(a + \lambda)(b^2 + 1 - b^2)}{b^2 + 1} = \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a + \lambda) - \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{b^2(a + \lambda)}{b^2 + 1}$$

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$$\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \sum_{\text{cyc}} a + 3\lambda - \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{b^2(a+\lambda)}{2b} = 3(\lambda+1) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab - \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{\text{cyc}} a \left(\because \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = 3 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\geq 3(\lambda+1) - \frac{1}{6} \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a \right)^2 - \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = 3(\lambda+1) - \frac{9}{6} - \frac{3\lambda}{2} \left(\because \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = 3 \right) = \\ &= \frac{3(\lambda+1)}{2} \text{ and so} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a+\lambda}{b^2+1} + \frac{b+\lambda}{c^2+1} + \frac{c+\lambda}{a^2+1} \geq \frac{3(\lambda+1)}{2}$$

$\forall a, b, c > 0 \mid a+b+c=3 \text{ and } \lambda \geq 0, " = " \text{ iff } a=b=c=1 \text{ (QED)}$