

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

SP.613 Let be $A(2, 4, 1); B(4, 2, 5)$. Find the mediator plan of the segment $[AB]$.

Proposed by Daniel Sitaru – Romania

Solution 1 by proposer

$$M\left(\frac{x_A + x_B}{2}, \frac{y_A + y_B}{2}, \frac{z_A + z_B}{2}\right) \Rightarrow M\left(\frac{2+4}{2}, \frac{4+2}{2}, \frac{1+5}{2}\right) \\ \Rightarrow M(3, 3, 3)$$

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = (x_B - x_A)\vec{i} + (y_B - y_A)\vec{j} + (z_B - z_A)\vec{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = (4 - 2)\vec{i} + (2 - 4)\vec{j} + (5 - 1)\vec{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = 2\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$$

Let P be the mediator plan of the segment $[AB]$.

$$P: (x - x_M) \cdot 1 + (y - y_M) \cdot (-2) + (z - z_M) \cdot 4 = 0$$

$$P: (x - 3) \cdot 1 + (y - 3) \cdot (-2) + (z - 3) \cdot 4 = 0$$

$$P: x - 3 - 2y + 6 + 4z - 12 = 0$$

$$P: x - 2y + 4z - 6 = 0$$

Solution 2 by Marin Chirciu-Romania

M the middle of the segment $AB \Rightarrow$

$$M(x_M, y_M, z_M), x_M = \frac{x_A + x_B}{2}, y_M = \frac{y_A + y_B}{2}, z_M = \frac{z_A + z_B}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x_M = \frac{2+4}{2}, y_M = \frac{4+2}{2}, z_M = \frac{1+5}{2} \Rightarrow x_M = 3, y_M = 3, z_M = 3 \Rightarrow M(3, 3, 3).$$

$\overrightarrow{AB}$ is the normal vector of the mediator plan of $[AB]$

$$(x_B - x_A)(x - x_M) + (y_B - y_A)(y - y_M) + (z_B - z_A)(z - z_M) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (4-2)(x-3) + (2-4)(y-3) + (5-1)(z-3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 2(x-3) - 2(y-3) + 4(z-3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2(x-3) - 2(y-3) + 4(z-3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow x - y + 2z - 6 = 0.$$