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In $\triangle ABC$ the following relationship holds:

$$\sum_{cyc} \frac{\sin B \sin C}{\sin A} \cdot \frac{b^2 h_c + c^2 h_b}{h_a h_b \sin B + h_a h_c \sin C} \geq \frac{24r^2}{R}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{cyc} \frac{\sin B \sin C}{\sin A} \cdot \frac{b^2 h_c + c^2 h_b}{h_a h_b \sin B + h_a h_c \sin C} = \\ &= \sum_{cyc} \frac{\frac{b}{2R} \cdot \frac{c}{2R}}{\frac{a}{2R}} \cdot \frac{b^2 \cdot \frac{2\Delta}{c} + c^2 \cdot \frac{2\Delta}{b}}{\frac{2\Delta}{a} \cdot \frac{2\Delta}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{2R} + \frac{2\Delta}{a} \cdot \frac{2\Delta}{c} \cdot \frac{c}{2R}} = \\ &= \sum_{cyc} \frac{bc}{a} \cdot \frac{\frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2}{b}}{\frac{2\Delta}{a} + \frac{2\Delta}{a}} = \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{4\Delta} (b^3 + c^3) = \frac{1}{2\Delta} (a^3 + b^3 + c^3) \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} \\ &\geq \frac{1}{2\Delta} \cdot 3abc = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \frac{abc}{4R}} \cdot 3abc = 6R = \frac{6R^2}{R} \stackrel{Mitrinovic}{\geq} \frac{6(2r)^2}{R} = \frac{24r^2}{R} \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if the triangle is equilateral.