

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC the following relationship holds :

$$7 \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left(\left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right)} \right) + \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{g_a - \sqrt{(b-c)^2 + r^2} - r}{l_a}$$

Proposed by Bogdan Fuștei-Romania

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

Triangle inequality $\Rightarrow g_a \leq AI + r \stackrel{?}{\leq} l_a \Leftrightarrow \frac{r}{\sin \frac{A}{2}} + r \stackrel{?}{\leq} \frac{2abc \cos \frac{A}{2}}{a(b+c)}$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{r}{\sin \frac{A}{2}} + r \stackrel{?}{\leq} \frac{8Rrs \cos \frac{A}{2}}{4R(b+c) \sin \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2}} \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\sin \frac{A}{2}} + 1 \stackrel{?}{\leq} \frac{a+b+c}{(b+c) \sin \frac{A}{2}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\sin \frac{A}{2}} + 1 \stackrel{?}{\leq} \frac{a}{(b+c) \sin \frac{A}{2}} + \frac{1}{\sin \frac{A}{2}} \Leftrightarrow (b+c) \sin \frac{A}{2} \stackrel{?}{\leq} a$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4R \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B-C}{2} \sin \frac{A}{2} \stackrel{?}{\leq} 4R \sin \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2} \Leftrightarrow \frac{B-C}{2} \stackrel{?}{\leq} 1 \rightarrow \text{true} \therefore l_a \geq g_a \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

Again, $\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{AI}{l_a} = \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{r(b+c)}{\sin \frac{A}{2} \cdot 2bc \cos \frac{A}{2}} = \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2R \cdot r(b+c)}{abc}$

$$= \frac{2Rr}{4Rrs} \cdot \sum_{\text{cyc}} (b+c) = \frac{8Rrs}{4Rrs} = 2 \therefore \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{AI}{l_a} = 2 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

Now, $\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{\sqrt{(b-c)^2 + r^2} + r - g_a}{l_a} \stackrel{\text{Bogdan Fustei}}{\geq} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a - AI + r - g_a}{l_a}$

(Reference : Inequality in Triangle by Bogdan Fustei – 103;
published at www.ssmrmh.ro)

Triangle inequality $\geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a - AI + r - AI - r}{l_a} = \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a}{l_a} - \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2AI}{l_a} \stackrel{\text{via } \textcircled{2}}{=} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a}{l_a} - 4$

$$\Rightarrow 7 + \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{\sqrt{(b-c)^2 + r^2} + r - g_a}{l_a} \geq 3 + \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a}{l_a} = \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a + l_a}{l_a}$$

via $\textcircled{1}$ and analogs $\geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{n_a + g_a}{l_a} \stackrel{\text{Bogdan Fustei (2019)}}{\geq} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2m_a}{l_a} \stackrel{\text{Lascu}}{\geq} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(b+c) \cos \frac{A}{2}}{\frac{2bc \cos \frac{A}{2}}{b+c}}$

$$= \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(b+c)^2}{2bc} \therefore 7 + \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{\sqrt{(b-c)^2 + r^2} + r - g_a}{l_a} \stackrel{\textcircled{*}}{\geq} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(b+c)^2}{2bc}$$

We shall now prove that : $\frac{(b+c)^2}{2bc} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right)}$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2\right)}{2} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)} \quad \left(x = \sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{(x^2 + 1)^8}{16x^8} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{(x^2 + 1)^4}{x^4} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 1}{2x} \Leftrightarrow (x^2 + 1)^3 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 8x^3 \Leftrightarrow x^2 + 1 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 2x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x - 1)^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \therefore \frac{(b+c)^2}{2bc} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right)} \text{ and analogs}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(b+c)^2}{2bc} \stackrel{(**)}{\geq} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left(\left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right)} \right) \text{ and so, (*) and (**) } \Rightarrow$$

$$7 + \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{\sqrt{(b-c)^2 + r^2} + r - g_a}{l_a} \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left(\left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right)} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 7 \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left(\left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \right)} \right) + \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{g_a - \sqrt{(b-c)^2 + r^2} - r}{l_a}$$

$\forall \triangle ABC, " = " \text{ iff } \triangle ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)}$