

In any ΔABC the following relationship holds

$$\frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{2R - r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \frac{l_b + l_c}{h_a} \right)} \geq \frac{(n_a + n_b + n_c)^2}{s(h_a + h_b + h_c) - (h_a \cdot \sqrt{2r_a h_a} + h_b \cdot \sqrt{2r_b h_b} + h_c \cdot \sqrt{2r_c h_c})}$$

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Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sum_{cyc} \frac{s(h_a + h_b + h_c) - (h_a \cdot \sqrt{2r_a h_a} + h_b \cdot \sqrt{2r_b h_b} + h_c \cdot \sqrt{2r_c h_c})}{s + \sqrt{2r_a h_a}} \stackrel{\text{Bogdan Fustei}}{=} \sum_{cyc} \frac{n_a^2}{\frac{s}{h_a} + \sqrt{\frac{2r_a}{h_a}}} \stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{\geq} \frac{(n_a + n_b + n_c)^2}{\frac{s}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \sqrt{\frac{4R \cos \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{A}{2}}{4R \cos \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{B}{2} \sin \frac{C}{2}}}} \\ &= \frac{(n_a + n_b + n_c)^2}{\frac{s}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \sqrt{\frac{\sin^2 \frac{A}{2}}{\frac{r}{4R}}}} \Rightarrow s(h_a + h_b + h_c) - (h_a \cdot \sqrt{2r_a h_a} + h_b \cdot \sqrt{2r_b h_b} + h_c \cdot \sqrt{2r_c h_c}) \\ &\stackrel{\textcircled{1}}{\geq} \frac{(n_a + n_b + n_c)^2}{\frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{\frac{4R}{r}} \cdot (\sum_{cyc} \sin \frac{A}{2})} \text{ and again, } \sum_{cyc} \frac{l_b + l_c}{h_a} = \sum_{cyc} \left(l_a \left(\frac{1}{h_b} + \frac{1}{h_c} \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{cyc} \left(\frac{2bc}{b+c} \cdot \cos \frac{A}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{b+c}{2rs} \right) \right) = \frac{4Rrs}{rs} \cdot \sum_{cyc} \frac{\cos \frac{A}{2}}{4R \cos \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{A}{2}} = \sum_{cyc} \operatorname{cosec} \frac{A}{2} \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{2R - r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \frac{l_b + l_c}{h_a} \right)} \stackrel{\textcircled{2}}{=} \frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{2R - r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \operatorname{cosec} \frac{A}{2} \right)} \\ &\quad \text{Now, } \textcircled{1} \text{ and } \textcircled{2} \\ &\Rightarrow \left(\frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{2R - r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \frac{l_b + l_c}{h_a} \right)} \right) \left(s(h_a + h_b + h_c) - (h_a \cdot \sqrt{2r_a h_a} + h_b \cdot \sqrt{2r_b h_b} + h_c \cdot \sqrt{2r_c h_c}) \right) \geq \\ &\quad \left(\frac{(n_a + n_b + n_c)^2}{\frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{\frac{4R}{r}} \cdot (\sum_{cyc} \sin \frac{A}{2})} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{2R - r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \operatorname{cosec} \frac{A}{2} \right)} \right) \stackrel{?}{=} (n_a + n_b + n_c)^2 \\ &\Leftrightarrow 2 \left(\frac{2R - r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \operatorname{cosec} \frac{A}{2} \right) \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{4R}{r} \left(\frac{2R - r}{2R} + 2 \cdot \frac{r}{4R} \cdot \sum_{cyc} \operatorname{cosec} \frac{A}{2} \right) \rightarrow \text{true} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \frac{s}{r} + \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{2R-r}{r} + \sum_{cyc} \frac{l_b + lc}{h_a} \right)} \geq \frac{(n_a + n_b + n_c)^2}{s(h_a + h_b + h_c) - (h_a \cdot \sqrt{2r_a h_a} + h_b \cdot \sqrt{2r_b h_b} + h_c \cdot \sqrt{2r_c h_c})}$$

$\forall \Delta ABC, '' = ''$ iff ΔABC is *equilateral* (QED)