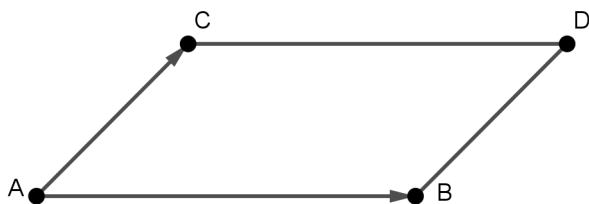


## THE AREA OF THE PARALLELOGRAM

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Let be  $A(2, 0, 0); B(0, 1, 0); C(1, 2, 2)$ .

Find the area of the parallelogram built on  $\vec{AB}$  and  $\vec{AC}$ .



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{AB} &= (x_B - x_A)\vec{i} + (y_B - y_A)\vec{j} + (z_B - z_A)\vec{k} \\ \vec{AB} &= (0 - 2)\vec{i} + (1 - 0)\vec{j} + (0 - 0)\vec{k} = -2\vec{i} + \vec{j} \\ \vec{AC} &= (x_C - x_A)\vec{i} + (y_C - y_A)\vec{j} + (z_C - z_A)\vec{k} \\ \vec{AC} &= (1 - 2)\vec{i} + (2 - 0)\vec{j} + (2 - 0)\vec{k} = -\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 2\vec{k} \\ \vec{AB} \times \vec{AC} &= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \\ &= 2\vec{i} - 4\vec{k} + \vec{k} + 4\vec{j} = 2\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - 3\vec{k} \\ \text{Area}(ABCD) &= |\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 4^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{29}\end{aligned}$$

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