

## THE ANGLE BETWEEN TWO REAL PLANS

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Let be the real plans:

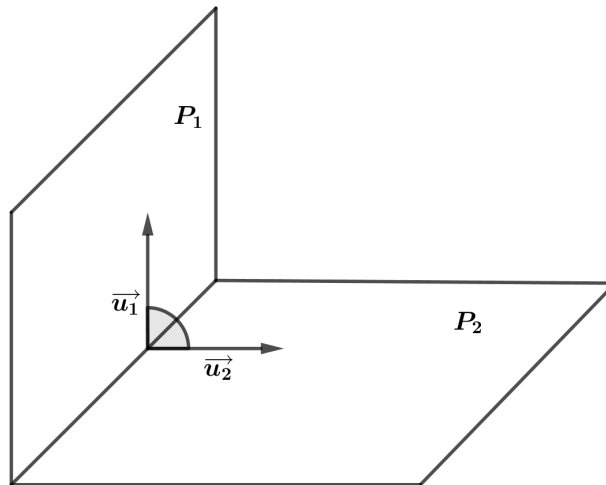
$$P_1 : x + 2y - 3z + 1 = 0$$

$$P_2 : 5x - 3y + 4z - 2 = 0$$

The normal vectors of  $P_1, P_2$  are:

$$\vec{u}_1(1, 2, -3) = \vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{u}_2(5, -3, 4) = 5\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$$



$$\vec{u}_1 \cdot \vec{u}_2 = 1 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot (-3) - 3 \cdot 4 = 5 - 6 - 12 = -13$$

$$|\vec{u}_1| = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 4 + 9} = \sqrt{14}$$

$$|\vec{u}_2| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-3)^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{25 + 9 + 16} = \sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$\cos(\angle(P_1, P_2)) = \cos(\angle(\vec{u}_1, \vec{u}_2)) =$$

$$= \frac{\vec{u}_1 \cdot \vec{u}_2}{|\vec{u}_1| \cdot |\vec{u}_2|} = \frac{-13}{\sqrt{14} \cdot 5\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-13}{10\sqrt{7}} = \frac{-13\sqrt{7}}{70}$$

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