

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

SP.591 If $a, b, c > 0, a^8 + b^8 + c^8 \leq 768$ then:

$$\sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+a^5}} \geq \frac{1}{2}$$

Proposed by Marin Chirciu – Romania

Solution 1 by proposer

Using Jensen's inequality for the convex function $f: (0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+x}}$ we obtain:

$$LHS = \sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+a^5}} \stackrel{\text{Jensen}}{\geq} 3 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 + \frac{a^5+b^5+c^5}{3}}} \stackrel{(1)}{\geq} \frac{3}{\sqrt{4 + \frac{96}{3}}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{36}} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2} = RHS,$$

where (1) $\Leftrightarrow a^5 + b^5 + c^5 \leq 96$, which follows from:

$$a^5 + b^5 + c^5 = \sum a \cdot a^4 \stackrel{CBS}{\leq} \sqrt{\sum a^2 \sum a^8} \stackrel{(2)}{\leq} \sqrt{12 \cdot 256} = 96,$$

where (2) $\Leftrightarrow a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \leq 12$, which follows from:

$$\left(\sum a^2\right)^4 \stackrel{\text{Holder}}{\leq} 27 \sum a^8 = 27 \cdot 768 = 20736 = 12^4 \Rightarrow \sum a^2 \leq 12$$

Equality holds if and only if $a = b = c = 2$.

Solution 2 by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\text{Power - Mean Inequality} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^8}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} \geq \left(\frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^5}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}} \text{ and } \because 768 \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^8$$

$$\therefore \left(\frac{768}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} \geq \left(\frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^5}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}} \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^5 \leq 96 \rightarrow \textcircled{1} \text{ and now, } \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+a^5}}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \frac{3}{\sqrt[6]{\prod_{\text{cyc}} (4+a^5)}} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \frac{3}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} (4+a^5)}{3}}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^5}} \stackrel{\text{via } \textcircled{1}}{\geq} \frac{3}{\sqrt{4+32}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+a^5}} \geq \frac{1}{2} \quad \forall a, b, c > 0 \mid a^8 + b^8 + c^8 \leq 768,$$

" = " iff $a = b = c = 2$ (QED)