

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find:

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin(x)}{\cot(x)(1+\cos(x))} dx$$

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$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin(x)}{\cot(x)(1+\cos(x))} dx = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin^2(x)}{\cos(x)(1+\cos(x))} dx = \\ &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{(1-\cos(x))(1+\cos(x))}{\cos(x)(1+\cos(x))} dx = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1-\cos(x)}{\cos(x)} dx = \\ &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{\cos(x)} dx - \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} dx = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{\cos(x)} dx - \frac{\pi}{6} = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1+\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{1-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} dx - \frac{\pi}{6} \\ &\left\{ \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = t, \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1+\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}, t \in \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}; 2-\sqrt{3}\right] \right\} \\ I &= 2 \int_{2-\sqrt{3}}^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} \frac{dt}{1-t^2} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \left[ \ln \left( \frac{1+t}{1-t} \right) \right]_{2-\sqrt{3}}^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \ln \left( \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\pi}{6} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore:

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin(x)}{\cot(x)(1+\cos(x))} dx = \ln \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3}+3}{3} \right) - \frac{\pi}{6}$$