

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find:

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\operatorname{ctg}^3(x)}{1 + \sin^2(x)} dx$$

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$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\operatorname{ctg}^3(x)}{1 + \sin^2(x)} dx = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\cos^3(x)}{\sin(x)(1 + \sin^2(x))} dx = \\ &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\cos(x)(1 - \sin^2(x))}{\sin(x)(1 + \sin^2(x))} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } \sin(x) = t, \quad dt = \cos(x) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \frac{1 - t^2}{t(1 + t^2)} dt &= \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \frac{1 + t^2 - 2t^2}{t(1 + t^2)} dt = \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{2t}{1 + t^2} \right) dt = \left| \ln(t) - \ln(1 + t^2) \right|_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \\ &= \ln \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{1 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{0.5}{1 + 0.25} \right) = \ln \left(\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{7} \right) \end{aligned}$$