

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In  $\triangle ABC$  the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)}{\sin^2(B)} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{B}{2}\right)}{\sin^2(C)} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{C}{2}\right)}{\sin^2(A)} \geq 2$$

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*Solution by Mirsadix Muzefferov-Azerbaijan*

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{cyc} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)}{\sin^2(B)} &\stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{\prod_{cyc} \sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)}{(\prod_{cyc} \sin(A))^2}} = 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{\prod_{cyc} \sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)}{64 \prod_{cyc} \left(\sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)\right)^2}} = \\ &= 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{8(\prod_{cyc} \sin(A))(\prod_{cyc} \cos\left(\frac{A}{2}\right))}} = \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\frac{F}{2R^2} \cdot \frac{p}{4R}}} = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{8R^3}{F \cdot p}} = 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{R \cdot R^2}{r \cdot p^2}} \stackrel{Euler (R \geq 2r)}{\geq} 3 \sqrt[3]{2 \cdot \frac{4p^2}{27p^2}} = 2 \end{aligned}$$

*Equality holds for  $A = B = C$*