

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In acute  $\triangle ABC$  the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{\tan B}{\tan C} = \frac{\sin^2 B}{\sin^2 C} \Rightarrow b = c$$

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$$\frac{\tan B}{\tan C} = \frac{\sin^2 B}{\sin^2 C} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin B}{\sin C} \cdot \frac{\cos C}{\cos B} = \frac{\sin^2 B}{\sin^2 C} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos C}{\cos B} = \frac{\sin B}{\sin C}$$

$$\sin B \cos B = \sin C \cos C \Rightarrow 2 \sin B \cos B = 2 \sin C \cos C$$

$$\sin 2B = \sin 2C \Rightarrow \sin 2B - \sin 2C = 0$$

$$2 \sin(B - C) \cos(B + C) = 0 \Rightarrow \sin(B - C) = 0$$

$$B - C = 0 \Rightarrow B = C \Rightarrow b = c$$