

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In $\triangle ABC$ the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{r_a r_b (r_b^3 + r_c r_a^2)}{r_c^3 (r_a^3 + r_b^3)} + \frac{r_c r_b (r_c^3 + r_a r_b^2)}{r_a^3 (r_c^3 + r_b^3)} + \frac{r_a r_c (r_a^3 + r_b r_c^2)}{r_b^3 (r_a^3 + r_c^3)} \geq \frac{2}{R}$$

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Let us formalite the left side of the given expression according to the conditions of Walter Janous' theorem:

$$LHS = \frac{(r_c r_b)^3}{(r_a r_b)^3 + (r_a r_c)^3} \left(\frac{r_c}{r_b^2} + \frac{r_a}{r_c^2} \right) + \frac{(r_c r_a)^3}{(r_c r_b)^3 + (r_a r_b)^3} \left(\frac{r_a}{r_c^2} + \frac{r_b}{r_a^2} \right) + \frac{(r_a r_b)^3}{(r_a r_c)^3 + (r_b r_c)^3} \left(\frac{r_b}{r_a^2} + \frac{r_c}{r_b^2} \right)$$

If $x, y, z, a', b', c' \in R^+$ and

$$\frac{x}{y+z} (b' + c') + \frac{y}{z+x} (c' + a') + \frac{z}{x+y} (a' + b') \geq \sqrt{3(a'b' + b'c' + c'a')}$$

By Walter Janous' inequality , we have :

$$(r_c r_b)^3 = x, \quad (r_c r_a)^3 = y, \quad (r_a r_b)^3 = z \quad \text{and}$$

$$\frac{r_b}{r_a^2} = a', \quad \frac{r_c}{r_b^2} = b', \quad \frac{r_a}{r_c^2} = c'$$

$$LHS = \sqrt{3 \left(\frac{r_b}{r_a^2} \cdot \frac{r_c}{r_b^2} + \frac{r_c}{r_b^2} \cdot \frac{r_a}{r_c^2} + \frac{r_a}{r_c^2} \cdot \frac{r_b}{r_a^2} \right)} \stackrel{A-G}{\geq}$$

$$\sqrt{3 \cdot 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{(r_a \cdot r_b \cdot r_c)^2}{(r_a \cdot r_b \cdot r_c)^4}}} = 3 \sqrt[6]{\frac{1}{(r_a \cdot r_b \cdot r_c)^2}} = 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{r_a \cdot r_b \cdot r_c}} \stackrel{(*)}{\geq} 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{27R^3}} = \frac{2}{R}$$

$$r_a \cdot r_b \cdot r_c = \frac{F^2}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r_a \cdot r_b \cdot r_c} = \frac{1}{rp^2} \geq \frac{2}{R} \cdot \frac{4}{27R^2} = \frac{8}{27R^3} \quad (*)$$

Equality holds for : $a = b = c$.