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If $n \in \mathbb{N}$ then in $\triangle ABC$ the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{B-C}{2}\right)}{\sin^n\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{C-A}{2}\right)}{\sin^n\left(\frac{B}{2}\right)} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right)}{\sin^n\left(\frac{C}{2}\right)} \geq 3 \cdot 2^n$$

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Solution by Mirsadix Muzefferov-Azerbaijan

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{cyc} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{B-C}{2}\right)}{\sin^n\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)} &= \sum_{cyc} \frac{\frac{b+c}{2} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)}{\sin^n\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)} = \sum_{cyc} \frac{\frac{b+c}{2}}{\sin^{n-1}\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} \sum_{cyc} \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{bc}}{a}}{\sin^{n-1}\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} \\ &\geq 3 \left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt{bc}}{a} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{ac}}{b} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{ba}}{c}}{\prod_{cyc} \sin^{n-1}\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3 \left(\frac{8}{\left(\frac{r}{4R}\right)^{n-1}} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \\ &= 3 \left(8 \cdot 4^{n-1} \cdot \left(\frac{R}{r}\right)^{n-1} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \stackrel{Euler}{\geq} 3(8 \cdot 4^{n-1} \cdot 2^{n-1})^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3(2^{3n})^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3 \cdot 2^n \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for : $A = B = C$.