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In any ΔABC the following relationship holds :

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{h_a \sqrt{5 + \frac{12r}{h_b}}} \geq \frac{1}{3r}$$

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Solution by Soumava Chakrabarty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{3r}{h_a \sqrt{5 + \frac{12r}{h_b}}} &= \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{5 + 4y}} \left(x = \frac{3r}{h_a}, y = \frac{3r}{h_b}, y = \frac{3r}{h_c} \right) = \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{5x + 4xy}} \\ &\stackrel{\text{Radon}}{\geq} \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{5 \sum_{\text{cyc}} x + 4 \sum_{\text{cyc}} xy}} \geq \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{5 \sum_{\text{cyc}} x + \frac{4}{3} (\sum_{\text{cyc}} x)^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{15 + 12}} \\ &\left(\because \sum_{\text{cyc}} x = 3r, \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{h_a} = 3 \right) \therefore \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{h_a \sqrt{5 + \frac{12r}{h_b}}} \geq \frac{1}{3r} \forall \Delta ABC, \\ &\quad " = " \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)} \end{aligned}$$