

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If $a, b, c, d > 0$, then prove that :

$$\frac{abc + bcd + cda + dab}{a + b + c + d} \leq \frac{1}{4} \cdot \sqrt[3]{(a+b)(a+c)(a+d)(b+c)(b+d)(c+d)}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} 3(a+b+c+d) &= \\ &= (a+b) + (a+c) + (a+d) + (b+c) + (b+d) + (c+d) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \\ &\geq 6 \cdot \sqrt[6]{(a+b)(a+c)(a+d)(b+c)(b+d)(c+d)} \\ \Rightarrow (a+b+c+d) \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \sqrt[3]{(a+b)(a+c)(a+d)(b+c)(b+d)(c+d)} &\geq \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{(a+b)(a+c)(a+d)(b+c)(b+d)(c+d)} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{((a+b)(b+c)(c+d)) \cdot ((a+c)(a+d)(b+d))} \\ &= \frac{\left(\sqrt{(abc + bcd + cda + dab) + (c^2(a+b) + b^2(c+d))} \right) \cdot \left(\sqrt{(abc + bcd + cda + dab) + (a^2(b+d) + d^2(a+c))} \right)}{2} \\ \text{Reverse CBS } &\geq \frac{abc + bcd + cda + dab + \sqrt{(c^2(a+b) + b^2(c+d)) \cdot (a^2(b+d) + d^2(a+c))}}{2} \\ &\stackrel{?}{\geq} abc + bcd + cda + dab \\ \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{(c^2(a+b) + b^2(c+d)) \cdot (a^2(b+d) + d^2(a+c))} &\stackrel{?}{\geq} abc + bcd + cda + dab \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Case 1 } ac + bd \geq ab + cd \text{ and then : LHS of } (*) &\stackrel{\text{Reverse CBS}}{\geq} \\ &= ca \cdot \sqrt{(a+b)(b+d)} + bd \cdot \sqrt{(c+d)(a+c)} \\ &= ca \cdot \sqrt{(b+a)(b+d)} + bd \cdot \sqrt{(c+d)(c+a)} \stackrel{\text{Reverse CBS}}{\geq} \\ &= ca \cdot (b + \sqrt{ad}) + bd \cdot (c + \sqrt{ad}) \stackrel{?}{\geq} abc + bcd + cda + dab \\ \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{ad} \cdot (ca + bd) &\stackrel{?}{\geq} ad(b+c) \Leftrightarrow ca + bd \stackrel{?}{\geq} \sqrt{ad} \cdot (b+c) \text{ and } \because \sqrt{ad} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\leq} \frac{a+d}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ in order to prove ①, it suffices to prove : $2(ac + bd) \stackrel{?}{\geq} (a+d)(b+c)$

$$= ab + ac + bd + cd \Leftrightarrow ac + bd \stackrel{?}{\geq} ab + cd \rightarrow \text{true} \Rightarrow \textcircled{1} \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Case 2 } ab + cd \geq ac + bd \text{ and then : LHS of } (*) &\stackrel{\text{Reverse CBS}}{\geq} \\ &= cd \cdot \sqrt{(a+b)(a+c)} + ab \cdot \sqrt{(b+d)(c+d)} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 &= cd \cdot \sqrt{(a+b)(a+c)} + ab \cdot \sqrt{(d+b)(d+c)} \stackrel{\text{Reverse CBS}}{\geq} \\
 &cd \cdot (a + \sqrt{bc}) + ab \cdot (d + \sqrt{bc}) \stackrel{?}{\geq} abc + bcd + cda + dab \\
 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{bc} \cdot (ab + cd) &\stackrel{?}{\geq} bc(a + d) \Leftrightarrow ab + cd \stackrel{?}{\geq} \sqrt{bc} \cdot (a + d) \text{ and } \because \sqrt{bc} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\leq} \frac{b+c}{2} \\
 &\quad \textcircled{2} \\
 \therefore \text{ in order to prove } \textcircled{2}, &\text{ it suffices to prove : } 2(ab + cd) \stackrel{?}{\geq} (b+c)(a+d) \\
 &= ab + ac + bd + cd \Leftrightarrow ab + cd \stackrel{?}{\geq} ac + bd \rightarrow \text{true} \Rightarrow \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true} \\
 \therefore \text{ combining both cases, } &(*) \text{ is true } \forall a, b, c, d > 0 \text{ and so,} \\
 \frac{abc + bcd + cda + dab}{a + b + c + d} &\leq \frac{1}{4} \cdot \sqrt[3]{(a+b)(a+c)(a+d)(b+c)(b+d)(c+d)} \\
 \forall a, b, c, d > 0, &'' = '' \text{ iff } a = b = c = d \text{ (QED)}
 \end{aligned}$$