

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In $\triangle ABC$ the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{ab}{r_c^2} + \frac{bc}{r_a^2} + \frac{ca}{r_b^2} \geq 4$$

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$$h_a = \frac{bc}{2R} \text{ then } bc = 2R h_a, \text{ similarly, } ca = 2R h_b, ab = 2R h_c$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{ab}{r_c^2} + \frac{bc}{r_a^2} + \frac{ca}{r_b^2} &= \frac{2R h_c}{r_c^2} + \frac{2R h_a}{r_a^2} + \frac{2R h_b}{r_b^2} = 2R \left(\frac{h_c}{r_c^2} + \frac{h_a}{r_a^2} + \frac{h_b}{r_b^2} \right) = \\ &= 2R \left(\frac{\frac{1}{r_c^2}}{\frac{1}{h_c}} + \frac{\frac{1}{r_a^2}}{\frac{1}{h_a}} + \frac{\frac{1}{r_b^2}}{\frac{1}{h_b}} \right) \stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{\geq} 2R \frac{\left(\frac{1}{r_a} + \frac{1}{r_b} + \frac{1}{r_c} \right)^2}{\frac{1}{h_a} + \frac{1}{h_b} + \frac{1}{h_c}} = 2R \frac{\left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{2R}{r} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2 \times 2 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for an equilateral triangle.