

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC the following relationship holds :

$$\frac{2n_a(3m_a - n_a - \sqrt{r_b r_c})}{h_a} \geq \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{r_b + r_c}{2}$$

Proposed by Bogdan Fuștei-Romania

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} n_a + g_a &\stackrel{\text{CBS}}{\leq} \sqrt{2(n_a^2 + g_a^2)} \stackrel{\text{Bogdan Fustei}}{=} \sqrt{2(4m_a^2 - 2s(s-a))} \\ &= 2 \cdot \sqrt{2m_a^2 - s(s-a)} \stackrel{?}{\leq} 4m_a - 2\sqrt{s(s-a)} \\ &\Leftrightarrow (2m_a - \sqrt{s(s-a)})^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 2m_a^2 - s(s-a) \\ &\Leftrightarrow 4m_a^2 + s(s-a) - 4m_a \cdot \sqrt{s(s-a)} \stackrel{?}{\geq} 2m_a^2 - s(s-a) \\ &\Leftrightarrow m_a^2 + s(s-a) - 2m_a \cdot \sqrt{s(s-a)} \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \Leftrightarrow (m_a - \sqrt{s(s-a)})^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \\ &\therefore n_a + g_a \leq 4m_a - 2\sqrt{s(s-a)} \Rightarrow 4m_a - n_a - g_a - 2\sqrt{r_b r_c} \geq 0 \text{ and so,} \\ &\text{in order to prove : } 6m_a \geq g_a + 2n_a + 2\sqrt{r_b r_c} + \frac{r_b r_c}{n_a}, \text{ it suffices to prove :} \end{aligned}$$

$$2m_a \geq n_a + \frac{r_b r_c}{n_a} \rightarrow \text{true via Bogdan Fustei}$$

(Reference : Inequality in Triangle by Bogdan Fustei – 42;
published at www.ssmrmh.ro)

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore 6m_a &\geq g_a + 2n_a + 2\sqrt{r_b r_c} + \frac{r_b r_c}{n_a} \Rightarrow \frac{6m_a n_a - 2n_a^2 - 2n_a \cdot \sqrt{r_b r_c}}{h_a} \geq \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{r_b r_c}{h_a} \\ &= \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{bc \cdot \cos^2 \frac{A}{2}}{\frac{2rs}{a}} = \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{4Rrs \cdot \cos^2 \frac{A}{2}}{2rs} = \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{4R \cos^2 \frac{A}{2}}{2} = \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{r_b + r_c}{2} \\ &\therefore \frac{2n_a(3m_a - n_a - \sqrt{r_b r_c})}{h_a} \geq \frac{n_a g_a}{h_a} + \frac{r_b + r_c}{2} \quad \forall \Delta ABC, " = " \text{ iff } b = c \text{ (QED)} \end{aligned}$$