

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Solve for integers:

$$\sqrt{x+y} + 2 = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}$$

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Let $a = \sqrt{x}, b = \sqrt{y}$ therefore $x = a^2, y = b^2$ (as $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}^+, x, y > 0$)

$$\sqrt{x+y} + 2 = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} \text{ or } \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} + 2 = a + b \text{ or } \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = a + b - 2$$

$$\text{or } \left(\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}\right)^2 = (a + b - 2)^2 \left(\text{as } \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} > 0 \text{ then R.H.S part } a + b - 2 > 0\right)$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 4 + 2ab - 4a - 4b \text{ or } 2(ab - 2a - 2b + 2) = 0$$

$$ab - 2a - 2b = -2 \text{ or, } ab - 2a - 2b + 4 = -2 + 4 \text{ or, } (a - 2)(b - 2) = 2 \quad (1)$$

Integer factorization of 2 are $(1, 2), (2, 1), (-1, -2), (-2, -1)$

From (1) if $a - 2 = 1, b - 2 = 2$ then $a = 3, b = 4$

if $a - 2 = 2, b - 2 = 1$ then $a = 4, b = 3$

if $a - 2 = -1, b - 2 = -2$ then $a = 1, b = 0$

if $a - 2 = -2, b - 2 = -1$ then $a = 0, b = 1$

Now, $a = 3, b = 4 \Rightarrow x = 9, y = 16$ (as $x = a^2, y = b^2$)

$a = 4, b = 3 \Rightarrow x = 16, y = 9,$

$a = 1, b = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1, y = 0$ does not satisfy given equation

$a = 0, b = 1 \Rightarrow x = 0, y = 1,$ does not satisfy given equation

so the required solution $x = 9, y = 16$ or, $x = 16, y = 9$