

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find:

$$\Omega = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{\tan(x)}{2 + \tan^2(x)} dx$$

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$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{\tan(x)}{2 + \tan^2(x)} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}} \frac{t}{2 + t^2} \cdot \frac{dt}{1 + t^2} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}} \frac{dt^2}{(2 + t^2)(1 + t^2)} =$$

$$\text{Let } \tan(x) = t \rightarrow dt = \frac{dx}{\cos^2(x)} \rightarrow dx = \frac{dt}{1 + t^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{1 + t^2} - \frac{1}{2 + t^2} \right) dt^2 =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\ln(1 + t^2) - \ln(2 + t^2)) \Big|_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}} = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1 + t^2}{2 + t^2} \right) \Big|_0^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{4}{7} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{8}{7} \right)$$

So :

$$\Omega = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{\tan(x)}{2 + \tan^2(x)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{8}{7} \right)$$