

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Let  $m \geq 0$  and  $M$  an interior point in  $\Delta ABC$  with the area  $F$  and  $F_a = \text{area } MBC, F_b = \text{area } MCA, F_c = \text{area } MAB$ . Prove that:

$$\frac{a^{2m+2}}{F_b^m} + \frac{b^{2m+2}}{F_c^m} + \frac{c^{2m+2}}{F_a^m} \geq 4^{m+1} \cdot (\sqrt{3})^{m+1} \cdot F$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a^{2m+2}}{F_b^m} + \frac{b^{2m+2}}{F_c^m} + \frac{c^{2m+2}}{F_a^m} &= \frac{(a^2)^{m+1}}{F_b^m} + \frac{(b^2)^{m+1}}{F_c^m} + \frac{(c^2)^{m+1}}{F_a^m} \stackrel{\text{Radon}}{\geq} \\ &\geq \frac{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{m+1}}{(F_a + F_b + F_c)^m} = \frac{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{m+1}}{F^m} \stackrel{\text{Ionescu-Weitzenbock}}{\geq} \\ &\geq \frac{(4\sqrt{3}F)^{m+1}}{F^m} = 4^{m+1} \cdot (\sqrt{3})^{m+1} \cdot F \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for :  $a = b = c$ .