

11 INDEPENDENT SOLUTIONS FOR A JAPANESE INEQUALITY

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ABSTRACT. In this paper is presented an inequality proposed by Kunihiko Chikaya-Tokyo-Japan and 11 independent solutions for it from Japan, Greece and Romania.

MAIN RESULT: If $a, b, c > 0$ then:

$$\frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc \geq 6$$

Proposed by Kunihiko Chikaya - Tokyo - Japan

Solution 1 by proposer, Solution 2 by Panagiotis Danousis-Greece, Solution 3 by Lazaros Zachariadis-Greece, Solutions 4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 and generalization by Daniel Sitaru-Romania

Solution 1 by proposer.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^2}{a} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^2}{b} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{c}\right)^2}{c} + 3abc \stackrel{\text{BERGSTROM}}{\geq} \\ &\geq \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)^2}{a+b+c} + 3abc \geq \frac{3\left(\frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{b} \cdot \frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{c} \cdot \frac{1}{a}\right)}{a+b+c} + 3abc = \\ &= \frac{3\left(\frac{a+b+c}{abc}\right)}{a+b+c} + 3abc = 3\left(abc + \frac{1}{abc}\right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3 \cdot \sqrt{abc \cdot \frac{1}{abc}} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Equality holds for: } \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c}, abc = \frac{1}{abc} \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1$$

□

Solution 2 by Panagiotis Danousis - Greece.

Let be $x, y, z > 0$ such that: $a = e^x, b = e^y, c = e^z$. It is known that:

$$e^x \geq 1 + x, \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ with equality for } x = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &= e^{-3x} + e^{-3y} + e^{-3z} + 3e^{x+y+z} \geq \\ &\geq 1 - 3x + 1 - 3y + 1 - 3z + 3(1 + x + y + z) = 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Equality holds for: } x = y = z = 0 \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1.$$

□

Solution 3 by Lazaros Zachariadis - Greece.

$$\text{Denote: } x = \frac{1}{a}, y = \frac{1}{b}, z = \frac{1}{c}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &= \sum_{cyc} x^3 + \frac{3}{xyz} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3xyz + \frac{3}{xyz} = \\ &= 3\left(xyz + \frac{1}{xyz}\right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3 \cdot 2\sqrt{xyz \cdot \frac{1}{xyz}} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Equality holds for: } x = y = z, xyz = \frac{1}{xyz} \Leftrightarrow x = y = z = 1 \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1.$$

□

Solution 4 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &= \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + abc + abc + abc \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \\ &\geq 6\sqrt[6]{\frac{1}{a^3} \cdot \frac{1}{b^3} \cdot \frac{1}{c^3} \cdot abc \cdot abc \cdot abc} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Equality holds for: } \frac{1}{a^3} = \frac{1}{b^3} = \frac{1}{c^3} = abc \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1$$

□

Solution 5 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{a^3} \cdot \frac{1}{b^3} \cdot \frac{1}{c^3}} + 3abc = \\ &= \frac{3}{abc} + 3abc = 3\left(\frac{1}{abc} + abc\right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3 \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{abc} \cdot abc} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Equality holds for: } \frac{1}{a^3} = \frac{1}{b^3} = \frac{1}{c^3}, \frac{1}{abc} = abc \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1$$

□

Solution 6 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &= \frac{(bc)^3 + (ca)^3 + (ab)^3 + 3(abc)^4}{(abc)^3} = \\ &= \frac{(bc)^3 + (ca)^3 + (ab)^3 + (abc)^4 + (abc)^4 + (abc)^4}{(abc)^3} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \\ &\geq \frac{6\sqrt[6]{(bc)^3 \cdot (ca)^3 \cdot (ab)^3 \cdot (abc)^4 \cdot (abc)^4 \cdot (abc)^4}}{(abc)^3} = \\ &= \frac{6\sqrt[6]{(abc)^{18}}}{(abc)^3} = \frac{6(abc)^3}{(abc)^3} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Equality holds for: } (bc)^3 = (ca)^3 = (ab)^3 = (abc)^4 \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1$$

□

Solution 7 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &= \frac{1}{a^3} + abc + \frac{1}{b^3} + abc + \frac{1}{c^3} + abc \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \\ &\geq 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^3} \cdot abc} + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b^3} \cdot abc} + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^3} \cdot abc} = 2\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a^2}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ca}{b^2}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ab}{c^2}} \geq \\ &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3\sqrt[3]{2\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a^2}} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{ca}{b^2}} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{ab}{c^2}}} = 3\sqrt[6]{\frac{64(abc)^2}{(abc)^2}} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for: $\frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} = abc \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1$

□

Solution 8 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{2}{b^3} + \frac{3}{c^3} + 6abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 12\sqrt[12]{\frac{(abc)^6}{a^3b^6c^9}} = 12\sqrt[4]{\frac{a}{c}} \\ \frac{2}{a^3} + \frac{3}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 6abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 12\sqrt[12]{\frac{(abc)^6}{a^6b^9c^3}} = 12\sqrt[4]{\frac{c}{b}} \\ \frac{3}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{2}{c^3} + 6abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 12\sqrt[12]{\frac{(abc)^6}{a^9b^3c^6}} = 12\sqrt[4]{\frac{b}{a}} \end{aligned}$$

By adding:

$$\begin{aligned} 6\left(\frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3}\right) + 18abc &\geq 12\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{a}{c}} + \sqrt[4]{\frac{c}{b}} + \sqrt[4]{\frac{b}{a}}\right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 36\sqrt[12]{\frac{a}{c} \cdot \frac{c}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{a}} = 36 \\ 6\left(\frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3}\right) + 18abc &\geq 36 \\ \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc &\geq 6 \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for: $\frac{1}{a^3} = \frac{1}{b^3} = \frac{1}{c^3} = abc \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1$

□

Solution 9 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + 2abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 4\sqrt[4]{\frac{(abc)^2}{a^3b^3}} = 4\sqrt[4]{\frac{c^2}{ab}} \\ \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 2abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 4\sqrt[4]{\frac{(abc)^2}{b^3c^3}} = 4\sqrt[4]{\frac{a^2}{bc}} \\ \frac{1}{c^3} + \frac{1}{a^3} + 2abc &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 4\sqrt[4]{\frac{(abc)^2}{c^3a^3}} = 4\sqrt[4]{\frac{b^2}{ca}} \end{aligned}$$

By adding:

$$2\left(\frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3}\right) + 6abc \geq 4\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{c^2}{ab}} + \sqrt[4]{\frac{a^2}{bc}} + \sqrt[4]{\frac{b^2}{ca}}\right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 4 \cdot 3\sqrt[4]{\frac{c^2}{ab} \cdot \frac{a^2}{bc} \cdot \frac{b^2}{ca}} = 12$$

□

Solution 10 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc = \\
& = \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)^3 - 3\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}\right)\left(\frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)\left(\frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{a}\right) + 3abc \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \\
& \geq \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)^3 - 3 \cdot \left(\frac{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{a}}{3}\right)^3 + 3abc = \\
& = \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)^3 - \frac{8}{9}\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)^3 + 3abc = \frac{1}{9}\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)^3 + 3abc \geq \\
& \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \frac{1}{9} \cdot \left(3\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{abc}}\right)^3 + 3abc = 3\left(\frac{1}{abc} + abc\right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 3 \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{abc} \cdot abc} = 6 \\
& \text{Equality holds for: } \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c}, abc = \frac{1}{abc} \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 1
\end{aligned}$$

□

Solution 11 by Daniel Sitaru - Romania.

$$\begin{aligned}
& f(a, b, c) = \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc \\
& \begin{cases} f'_a = 0 \\ f'_b = 0 \\ f'_c = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^4} = bc \\ \frac{1}{b^4} = ca \\ \frac{1}{c^4} = ab \end{cases} \Rightarrow (abc)^6 = 1 \Rightarrow abc = 1 \Rightarrow bc = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{a^4} = \frac{1}{a} \\
& \Rightarrow a = 1. \text{ Analogous: } b = 1, c = 1 \\
& H_f(1, 1, 1) = \begin{vmatrix} 12 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 12 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 12 \end{vmatrix} - \text{positive - definite} \Rightarrow (1, 1, 1) - \text{minimum point} \\
& f(a, b, c) \geq f(1, 1, 1) = 6 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + 3abc \geq 6
\end{aligned}$$

□

Generalization by Daniel Sitaru - Romania

If $a_i > 0, i \in \overline{1, n}, n \in \mathbb{N}^*$ then:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{a_i^n} + n \prod_{i=1}^n a_i \geq 2n$$

Proof.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{a_i^n} + n \prod_{i=1}^n a_i \geq \frac{n}{\prod_{i=1}^n a_i} + n \prod_{i=1}^n a_i = \\
& = n \left(\frac{1}{\prod_{i=1}^n a_i} + \prod_{i=1}^n a_i \right) \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} n \cdot 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{\prod_{i=1}^n a_i} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^n a_i} = 2n
\end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for: $a_i > 0, i \in \overline{1, n}, n \in \mathbb{N}^*$

□

REFERENCES

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