

**FAMOUS INEQUALITIES REDESIGNED IN THE TRIANGLE  
WITH SIDES  $m_a, m_b, m_c$**

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ABSTRACT. For a given triangle  $ABC$  with sides  $a, b, c$  we denote the medians as  $m_a, m_b, m_c$ . In a new triangle  $A'B'C'$  with sides  $m_a, m_b, m_c$  we will redesign the form of a few famous inequalities.

Preliminaries:

We will use the following notations:

For  $\triangle ABC$  :  $a, b, c$  - sides;  $s$  - semiperimeter;  $F$  - area;  $R$  - circumradii;  $r$  - inradii.

For  $\triangle A'B'C'$  :  $a', b', c'$  - sides;  $s'$  - semiperimeter;  $F'$  - area;  $R'$  - circumradii;  $r'$  - inradii.

It is clear that:

$$a' = m_a; b' = m_b; c' = m_c; s' = \frac{m_a + m_b + m_c}{2}$$

Theorem: In  $\triangle ABC$  the following relationships holds:

$$F' = \frac{3F}{4}; R' = \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F}; r' = \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)}$$

*Proof.*

$$\begin{aligned} 2m_b^2 m_c^2 - m_a^4 &= 2 \cdot \frac{2(a^2 + c^2) - b^2}{4} \cdot \frac{2(a^2 + b^2) - c^2}{4} - \frac{(2(b^2 + c^2) - a^2)^2}{16} = \\ &= \frac{1}{16} ((4a^2 + 4c^2 - 2b^2)(2a^2 + 2b^2 - c^2) - (2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2)^2) = \\ &= \frac{1}{16} (7a^4 - 8b^4 - 8c^4 + 8a^2 b^2 + 8b^2 c^2 + 8c^2 a^2) \\ \frac{1}{16} \sum_{cyc} (2m_b^2 m_c^2 - m_a^4) &= \frac{1}{16} \sum_{cyc} (7 - 8 - 8)a^4 + \frac{1}{16} \sum_{cyc} (8 + 8 + 2)a^2 b^2 = \\ (1) \quad &= -\frac{9}{16} \sum_{cyc} a^4 + \frac{18}{16} \sum_{cyc} a^2 b^2 \\ F'^2 &= \frac{1}{8} \sum_{cyc} (a')^2 (b')^2 - \frac{1}{16} \sum_{cyc} (a')^4 = \\ &= \frac{1}{16} \sum_{cyc} (2m_b^2 m_c^2 - m_a^4) = \\ &\stackrel{(1)}{=} -\frac{9}{16} \sum_{cyc} a^4 + \frac{18}{16} \sum_{cyc} a^2 b^2 \\ 16F'^2 &= 9 \left( \sum_{cyc} a^2 b^2 - \sum_{cyc} a^4 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
16F'^2 &= 9F^2 \\
F'^2 &= \frac{9F^2}{16} \\
F' &= \frac{3F}{4} \\
R' &= \frac{a'b'c'}{4F'} = \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{4 \cdot \frac{3F}{4}} = \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F} \\
r' &= \frac{F'}{s'} = \frac{\frac{3F}{4}}{\frac{m_a + m_b + m_c}{2}} = \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)}
\end{aligned}$$

MITRINOVIC'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$3\sqrt{3}r' \leq s'; s' \leq \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}R'$$

Redesigned:

$$\begin{aligned}
s' \geq 3\sqrt{3}r' &\Rightarrow \frac{m_a + m_b + m_c}{2} \geq 3\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)} \\
(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2 &\geq 9\sqrt{3}F \\
s' \leq \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}R' &\Rightarrow \frac{m_a + m_b + m_c}{2} \leq \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F} \\
2(m_a + m_b + m_c)F &\leq \sqrt{3}m_a m_b m_c
\end{aligned}$$

STEINIG'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$\frac{1}{2R'r'} \leq \frac{1}{(a')^2} + \frac{1}{(b')^2} + \frac{1}{(c')^2} \leq \frac{1}{4(r')^2}$$

Redesigned:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{1}{m_a^2} + \frac{1}{m_b^2} + \frac{1}{m_c^2} &\geq \frac{2}{2 \cdot \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F} \cdot \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)}} = \\
&= \frac{m_a + m_b + m_c}{m_a m_b m_c} \\
\frac{1}{m_a^2} + \frac{1}{m_b^2} + \frac{1}{m_c^2} &\geq \frac{m_a + m_b + m_c}{m_a m_b m_c} \\
\frac{1}{m_a^2} + \frac{1}{m_b^2} + \frac{1}{m_c^2} &\leq \frac{1}{4 \cdot \frac{9F^2}{4(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2}} = \frac{(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2}{9F^2} \\
\frac{1}{m_a^2} + \frac{1}{m_b^2} + \frac{1}{m_c^2} &\leq \frac{(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2}{9F^2}
\end{aligned}$$

EULER'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$R' \geq 2r'$$

Redesigned:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F} &\geq 2 \cdot \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)} \\
(m_a + m_b + m_c)m_a m_b m_c &\geq 9F^2
\end{aligned}$$

**BĂNDILĂ'S INEQUALITY**

 In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$\frac{b'}{c'} + \frac{c'}{b'} \leq \frac{R'}{r'}$$

Redesigned:

$$\frac{m_b}{m_c} + \frac{m_c}{m_b} \leq \frac{\frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F}}{\frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)}} = \frac{2m_a m_b m_c (m_a + m_b + m_c)}{9F^2}$$

$$\frac{m_b}{m_c} + \frac{m_c}{m_b} \leq \frac{2m_a m_b m_c (m_a + m_b + m_c)}{9F^2}$$

**IONESCU-WEITZENBOCK'S INEQUALITY**

 In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$(a')^2 + (b')^2 + (c')^2 \geq 4\sqrt{3}F'$$

Redesigned:

$$m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 \geq 4\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{3F}{4} = 3\sqrt{3}F$$

$$m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 \geq 3\sqrt{3}F$$

**NEUBERG'S INEQUALITY**

 In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$36(r')^2 \leq (a')^2 + (b')^2 + (c')^2 \leq 9(R')^2$$

Redesigned:

$$\begin{aligned} m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 &\geq 36 \cdot \left( \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)} \right)^2 = \\ &= 36 \cdot \frac{9F^2}{4(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2} = \frac{81F^2}{(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2} \\ (m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2)(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2 &\geq 81F^2 \\ m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 &\leq 9 \cdot \left( \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F} \right)^2 = \\ &= 9 \cdot \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2 m_c^2}{9F^2} = \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2 m_c^2}{F^2} \\ m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 &\leq \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2 m_c^2}{F^2} \end{aligned}$$

**LEUENBERGER'S INEQUALITY**

 In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$36(r')^2 \leq a'b' + b'c' + c'a' \leq 9(R')^2$$

Redesigned:

$$\begin{aligned} m_a m_b + m_b m_c + m_c m_a &\geq 36 \cdot \left( \frac{3F}{2(m_a + m_b + m_c)} \right)^2 = \\ &= 36 \cdot \frac{9F^2}{4(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2} = \frac{81F^2}{(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2} \\ (m_a m_b + m_b m_c + m_c m_a)(m_a + m_b + m_c)^2 &\geq 81F^2 \\ m_a m_b + m_b m_c + m_c m_a &\leq 9 \cdot \left( \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F} \right)^2 = \\ &= 9 \cdot \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2 m_c^2}{9F^2} = \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2 m_c^2}{F^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$m_a m_b + m_b m_c + m_c m_a \leq \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2 m_c^2}{F^2}$$

GORDON'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$a'b' + b'c' + c'a' \geq 4\sqrt{3}F'$$

Redesigned:

$$m_a m_b + m_b m_c + m_c m_a \geq 4\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F}$$

$$m_a m_b + m_b m_c + m_c m_a \geq \frac{4\sqrt{3}m_a m_b m_c}{3F}$$

GOLDNER'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$(a')^4 + (b')^4 + (c')^4 \geq 16(F')^2$$

Redesigned:

$$m_a^4 + m_b^4 + m_c^4 \geq 16 \cdot \left(\frac{3F}{4}\right)^2 = 16 \cdot \frac{9F^2}{16}$$

$$m_a^4 + m_b^4 + m_c^4 \geq 9F^2$$

WALKER'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$3 \left( \frac{(a')^2}{(b')^2} + \frac{(b')^2}{(c')^2} + \frac{(c')^2}{(a')^2} \right) \geq ((a')^2 + (b')^2 + (c')^2) \left( \frac{1}{(a')^2} + \frac{1}{(b')^2} + \frac{1}{(c')^2} \right)$$

Redesigned:

$$3 \left( \frac{m_a^2}{m_b^2} + \frac{m_b^2}{m_c^2} + \frac{m_c^2}{m_a^2} \right) \geq (m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2) \left( \frac{1}{m_a^2} + \frac{1}{m_b^2} + \frac{1}{m_c^2} \right)$$

HADWIGER-FINSLER'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$(a')^2 + (b')^2 + (c')^2 \geq 4\sqrt{3}F' + (a' - b')^2 + (b' - c')^2 + (c' - a')^2$$

Redesigned:

$$m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 \geq 4\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{3F}{4} + (m_a - m_b)^2 + (m_b - m_c)^2 + (m_c - m_a)^2$$

$$m_a^2 + m_b^2 + m_c^2 \geq 3\sqrt{3}F + (m_a - m_b)^2 + (m_b - m_c)^2 + (m_c - m_a)^2$$

CURRY'S INEQUALITY

In  $\Delta A'B'C'$  holds:

$$\frac{9a'b'c'}{a' + b' + c'} \geq 4\sqrt{3}F'$$

Redesigned:

$$\frac{9m_a m_b m_c}{m_a + m_b + m_c} \geq 4\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{m_a m_b m_c}{3F}$$

$$\frac{9}{m_a + m_b + m_c} \geq \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3F}$$

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