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If $A = \frac{\tan^3 x}{\sqrt{1+\cot^2 x}} + \frac{\cot^3 x}{\sqrt{1+\tan^2 x}}$, $x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ then find $\min\{A\}$.

Proposed by Marin Chirciu-Romania

Solution by Mohamed Amine Ben Ajiba-Tanger-Morocco

$$A = \frac{\tan^3 x}{\sqrt{1+\cot^2 x}} + \frac{\cot^3 x}{\sqrt{1+\tan^2 x}}, f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \text{ is decreasing and convexe function on } \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \tan^2 f(\cot^2 x(1 + \cot^2 x)) + \cot^2 x f(\tan^2 x(1 + \tan^2 x)) \stackrel{\text{JENSEN}}{\geq}$$

$$\geq (\tan^2 x + \cot^2 x) f\left(\frac{1 + \cot^2 x + 1 + \tan^2 x}{\tan^2 x + \cot^2 x}\right)$$

$$\tan^2 x + \cot^2 x \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} 2 \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{2}{\tan^2 x + \cot^2 x} \leq 2 \Rightarrow A \geq 2f(2) = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\min\{A\} = \sqrt{2}. \text{ Equality holds when } x = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

Note by editor:

Many thanks to Florică Anastase-Romania for typed solution.