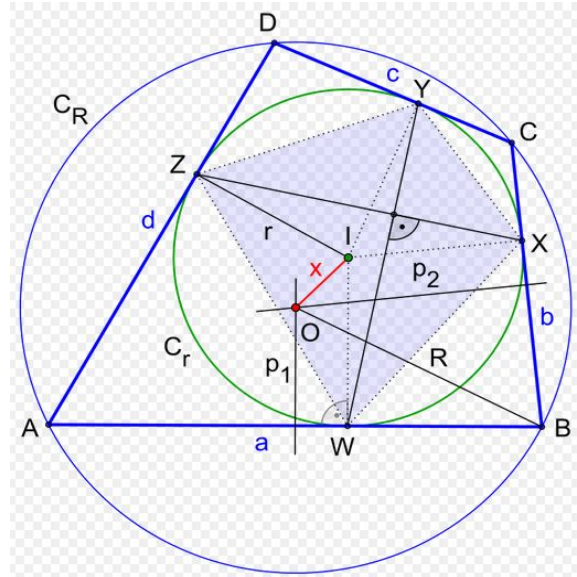


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a, b, c, d –sides, r –inradii in a bicentric quadrilateral. Prove that:

$$\frac{a^2}{b} + \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2}{d} + \frac{d^2}{a} \geq 8r$$

Proposed by Daniel Sitaru-Romania

Solution 1 by Alex Szoros-Romania, Solution 2 by Adrian Popa-Romania

Solution 1 by Alex Szoros-Romania

If we denote F –area of this quadrilateral, then: $4r^2 \leq F = \sqrt{abcd}$

$$\frac{a^2}{b} + \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2}{d} + \frac{d^2}{a} \stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{\geq} \frac{(a+b+c+d)^2}{a+b+c+d} = a+b+c+d \geq$$

$$4\sqrt{abcd} = 4\sqrt{F} \geq 4\sqrt{4r^2} = 8r$$

Observation:

$ABCD$ –inscribable quadrilateral, then $F = \sqrt{(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)(s-d)}$

$$2s = a + b + c + d = 2(a + c) = 2(b + d) \Rightarrow$$

$$F = \sqrt{(a+c-a)(b+d-b)(a+c-c)(b+d-d)} = \sqrt{abcd}$$

$$\because r = \frac{F}{s} \Leftrightarrow r = \frac{2\sqrt{abcd}}{a+b+c+d}$$

$$\text{But: } (a+b+c+d)^2 = [(a+b) + (c+d)]^2 \geq 4(a+b)(c+d) \geq$$

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$$\geq 4 \cdot 2\sqrt{ab} \cdot 2\sqrt{cd} = 16\sqrt{abcd}$$

$$(2s)^2 \geq 16F \Rightarrow s^2 \geq 4F \Rightarrow \left(\frac{F}{r}\right)^2 \geq 4F \Rightarrow F \geq 4r^2$$

Therefore,

$$F \geq \sqrt{abcd} \geq 4r^2$$

Solution 2 by Adrian Popa-Romania

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a^2}{b} + \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2}{d} + \frac{d^2}{a} &\stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{\geq} \frac{(a+b+c+d)^2}{a+b+c+d} = a+b+c+d \geq \\ r &= \frac{\sqrt{abcd}}{a+c} = \frac{\sqrt{abcd}}{\frac{a+b+c+d}{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{abcd}}{a+b+c+d} \end{aligned}$$

We must to prove that:

$$a+b+c+d \geq \frac{16\sqrt{abcd}}{a+b+c+d} \Leftrightarrow (a+b+c+d)^2 \geq 16\sqrt{abcd}$$

$$\text{which is true from AM-GM: } \frac{a+b+c+d}{4} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \sqrt[4]{abcd}$$

Note by editor:

Many thanks to Florică Anastase-Romania for typed solution.