

# R M M

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If  $x, y \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  then:

$$\left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \leq 2$$

*Proposed by Daniel Sitaru-Romania*

*Solution 1 by Ravi Prakash-New Delhi-India, Solution 2 by Sanong Huayrerai-Nakon Pathom-Thailand, Solution 3 by Remus Florin Stanca-Romania*

***Solution 1 by Ravi Prakash-New Delhi-India***

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} = \\ & = \left[ \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \right]^{\frac{1}{\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y}} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\leq} \\ & \leq \frac{1}{\sin^2 y + \cos^2 y} \left[ \cos^2 y \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right) + \sin^2 y \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right) \right] = 2 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \leq 2$$

***Solution 2 by Sanong Huayrerai-Nakon Pathom-Thailand***

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$$\begin{aligned} & \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \leq \\ & \leq \left(\frac{\cos^2 y \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right) + \sin^2 y \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)}{\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y} = \\ & = \left(\frac{\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y + \sin^2 y} = \left(\frac{1+1}{1}\right)^1 = 2 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \leq 2$$

### **Solution 3 by Remus Florin Stanca-Romania**

We apply Jensen inequality for a concave function on  $I \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

If  $f$  is concave function on  $I \Rightarrow \forall t_1, t_2 \in (0, 1)$  such that  $t_1 + t_2 = 1$  then

$$\forall x, y \in I \Rightarrow t_1 f(x) + t_2 f(y) \leq f(t_1 x + t_2 y)$$

Let  $f: (0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x) = \log x$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{1}{x^2} \leq 0 \Rightarrow f$  -concave, hence

$$\begin{aligned} & \log \left[ \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \right] = \\ & = \cos^2 y \cdot \log \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right) + \sin^2 y \cdot \log \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right) = \\ & = \cos^2 y \cdot \log \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right) + \sin^2 y \cdot \log \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right) \leq \\ & \stackrel{Jensen}{\leq} \log \left[ \cos^2 y \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right) + \sin^2 y \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right) \right] = \\ & = \log(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 y + \cos^2 y) = \log 2 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 y}\right)^{\cos^2 y} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 y}\right)^{\sin^2 y} \leq 2$$

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**Note by editor:**

**Many thanks to Florică Anastase-Romania for typed solution.**