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UP.257. If $A \in M_6(\mathbb{R})$ such that

$\det(A^4 + pA^2 + p^2I_6) = \det(A^2 + qI_6) = 0, p, q \in \mathbb{R}$ then find:

$$\Omega = \det(A)$$

Proposed by Marian Ursărescu-Romania

Solution by proposer

$$\text{Let: } f(x) = x^4 + px^2 + p^2; g(x) = x^2 + q; f, g \in \mathbb{R}[x]$$

P_A – the characteristic polynomial of matrix A .

We must show that: $(f, P_A) \neq 1$.

Suppose that: $(f, P_A) = 1 \Rightarrow \exists u, v \in \mathbb{R}[x]$ such that: $f(x)u(x) + P_A(x)v(x) = 1 \Rightarrow f(A)u(A) + P_A(A)v(A) = I_6 \Rightarrow I_6 = O_6$ contradiction!

Similarly $(f, g) \neq 1 \Rightarrow f/P_A$ and g/P_A , for degree $P_A = 6$

$$\text{But } (f, g) = 1 \Rightarrow P_A(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x) \Rightarrow \det(A) = P_A(0) = f(0) \cdot g(0) = p^2q$$

Note by Editor:

Many thanks to Florică Anastase-Romania for typed solution.