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If $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n > 0$ then:

$$2 \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{x_i + x_{i+1}} \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n x_j \right) \leq \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n x_j, \quad x_{n+1} = x_1$$

Proposed by Marin Chirciu-Romania

Solution by Tran Hong-Dong Thap-Vietnam

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{x_i + x_{i+1}} \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n x_j \right) &= 2 \left(\frac{x_2 x_3 \dots x_n}{x_1 + x_2} + \frac{x_1 x_3 \dots x_n}{x_2 + x_3} + \dots + \frac{x_1 x_2 \dots x_{n-1}}{x_n + x_1} \right) \\ &= 2 x_1 x_2 \dots x_n \left(\frac{1}{x_1(x_1 + x_2)} + \frac{1}{x_2(x_2 + x_3)} + \frac{1}{x_n(x_n + x_1)} \right) = \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{2x_1(x_1 + x_2)} \stackrel{CBS}{\leq} 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2x_1} + \frac{1}{x_1 + x_2} \right) \leq \frac{2}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2x_1} + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{x_1 + x_2} \right) \right) = 2 \left(\frac{3}{16x_1} + \frac{1}{16x_2} \right)$$

and analogs.

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$$\Rightarrow \Omega \leq 4x_1x_2 \dots x_n \left[\frac{1}{16} \left(\left(\frac{3}{x_1} + \frac{1}{x_2} \right) + \left(\frac{3}{x_2} + \frac{1}{x_3} \right) + \dots + \left(\frac{3}{x_n} + \frac{1}{x_1} \right) \right) \right]$$

$$= 4x_1x_2 \dots x_n \left(\frac{1}{16} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{4}{x_i} \right) = 4 \cdot \frac{4}{16} x_1x_2 \dots x_n \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{x_i} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ i \neq j}}^n x_j \right)$$

Note by editor:

Mant thanks to Florică Anastase-Romania for typed solution.