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If $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0, \infty)$, $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$, $a \leq b$ then:

$$\int_a^b \int_a^b \left((f(x) + f(y)) \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{f(x) + f(y)}{2} \right) \right) dx dy \leq 2(b-a) \int_a^b (f(x) \tan^{-1}(f(x))) dx$$

Proposed by Daniel Sitaru – Romania

Solution by Florentin Vişescu-Romania

$$f(t) = \arctan t; f'(t) = \arctan t + \frac{t}{1+t^2}$$

$$f''(t) = \frac{1}{1+t^2} + \frac{1+t^2-2t^2}{(1+t^2)^2} = \frac{1}{1+t^2} + \frac{1-t^2}{(1+t^2)^2} = \frac{1+t^2-t^2}{(1+t^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(1+t^2)^2} > 0 \Rightarrow f \text{ convexe} \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right) \leq \frac{f(x)+f(y)}{2}$$

$$\frac{x+y}{2} \arctan \frac{x+y}{2} \leq \frac{1}{2}(x \arctan x + y \arctan y)$$

$$(x+y) \arctan \frac{x+y}{2} \leq x \arctan x + y \arctan y; \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$x \rightarrow f(x); y \rightarrow f(y)$$

$$\int_a^b \int_a^b [f(x) + f(y)] \arctan \frac{f(x) + f(y)}{2} dx dy \leq \int_a^b \int_a^b f(x) \arctan(x) + f(y) \arctan(y) dx dy$$

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$$\int_a^b \int_a^b (f(x) + f(y)) \arctan \frac{f(x) + f(y)}{2} dx dy \leq 2(b-a) \int_a^b f(x) \arctan(x) dx$$