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If

$$f(y) = \int_0^1 \frac{\sin^{-1}(xy)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

then show that

$$\int_0^1 f(y) dy = \frac{\pi^2}{8} - \log(2) : \int_0^1 \frac{f(y)}{y} dy = \frac{7\zeta(3)}{8}$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{f(y)}{\sqrt{y}} dy = \frac{\pi^2}{4} - \pi + 2 \log(2)$$

$$\int_0^1 f(y) \log(y) dy = 2 \log(2) - \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

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Solution 1 by Mokhtar Khassani-Mostaganem-Algerie, Solution 2 by Tobi

Joshua-Nigeria

Solution 1 by Mokhtar Khassani-Mostaganem-Algerie

$$\begin{aligned} f(y) &= \int_0^1 \frac{\arcsin(xy)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \arcsin(y \sin x) dx = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^{2n+1} \binom{2n}{n}}{(2n+1)4^n} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2n+1} x dx = \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^{2n+1} \binom{2n}{n}}{(2n+1)4^n} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(n+1)}{2\Gamma(n+1+\frac{1}{2})} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^{2n+1} \binom{2n}{n}}{(2n+1)4^n} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\pi} n!}{2 \frac{(2n+2)! \sqrt{\pi}}{4^{n+1}(n+1)!}} = \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)}{2} = \\ M &= \int_0^1 f(y) dy = \int_0^1 \frac{Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)}{2} dy = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} \int_0^1 y^{2n+1} dy = \end{aligned}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2(n+1)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} + \frac{1}{2(n+1)} - \frac{1}{2n+1} \right) = \frac{\pi^8}{8} - \log 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} N &= \int_0^1 \frac{f(y)}{y} dy = \int_0^1 \frac{Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)}{2y} dy = \frac{1}{2} \{Li_3(x) - Li_3(-x)\}_0^1 = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\zeta(3) + \frac{3}{4} \zeta(3) \right) = \frac{7}{8} \zeta(3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= \int_0^1 \frac{f(y)}{\sqrt{y}} dy = \int_0^1 \frac{Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)}{2\sqrt{y}} dy = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} \int_0^1 y^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} dy = \\ &= 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2(4n+3)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{(2n+1)^2} - \frac{1}{2\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(n+\frac{3}{4}\right)} \right) = \\ &= \frac{\pi^2}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\Psi\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \Psi\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}} = \frac{\pi^2}{4} - \pi + 2 \log 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Omega &= \int_0^1 f(y) \log y dy = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} \int_0^1 y^{2n+1} \log y dy = \\ &= - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4(2n+1)^2(n+1)^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right)(n+1)} - \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4(n+1)^2} \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\Psi\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \Psi(1)}{\frac{1}{2} - 1} - \frac{\pi^2}{8} - \frac{\pi^2}{24} = 2 \log 2 - \frac{\pi^2}{6} \end{aligned}$$

Solution 2 by Tobi Joshua-Nigeria

$$f(y) = \int_0^1 \frac{\sin^{-1}(xy)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx, \quad x = \sin \theta, \quad f(y) = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{-1}(y \sin \theta) d\theta$$

$$f(y) = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^y \frac{d\theta dz}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta}\right)^2 - z^2}}, \quad f(y) = \int_0^y \frac{dz}{z} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{\sqrt{\frac{1-z^2}{z^2} + (\cos \theta)^2}}$$

$$f(y) = - \int_0^y \frac{dz}{z} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{d(\cos \theta)}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-z^2}}{z}\right)^2 + (\cos \theta)^2}}, \quad f(y) = \int_0^y \frac{dz}{z} \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \right)$$

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$$f(y) = \int_0^y \frac{dz}{z} \log \left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} + \sqrt{\frac{z^2}{1-z^2} + 1} \right), f(y) = \int_0^y \frac{dz}{z} \log \left(\frac{z+1}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \right)$$

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^y \frac{dz}{z} \log \left(\frac{z+1}{1-z} \right), f(y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^y \frac{\log(1+z) - \log(1-z)}{z} dz$$

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{2} [Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)], f(y) = \frac{1}{2} [Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)] \quad (*)$$

$$(1) A = \int_0^1 f(y) dy$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} [Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)] dy$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left[y(Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)) \Big|_0^1 + \int_0^1 \ln(1-y) dy - \int_0^1 \ln(1+y) dy \right]$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\pi^2}{4} + (-\ln(1-y^2) + y \ln \left(\frac{1-y}{1+y} \right)) \Big|_0^1 \right], A = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\pi^2}{4} - 2 \ln(2) \right]$$

$$A = \left[\frac{\pi^2}{8} - \ln(2) \right], (2)$$

$$B = \int_0^1 \frac{f(y)}{y} dy, B = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)}{y} dy$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left[\log(y) (Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)) \Big|_0^1 + \int_0^1 \frac{\ln(y)}{y} \ln(1-y) dy - \int_0^1 \frac{\ln(y)}{y} \ln(1+y) dy \right]$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \Big|_{a=0} \left[\int_0^1 y^{a-1} \ln(1-y) dy - \int_0^1 y^{a-1} \ln(1+y) dy \right]$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \Big|_{a=0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)} \left[- \int_0^1 y^a y^k dy - (-1)^k \int_0^1 y^a y^k dy \right]$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \Big|_{a=0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)} \left[- \frac{1}{(a+k+1)} - \frac{(-1)^k}{(a+k+1)} \right]$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)} \left[\frac{1}{(k+1)^2} + \frac{(-1)^k}{(k+1)^2} \right], B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k)} \left[\frac{1}{(k)^2} + \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{(k)^2} \right]$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} [\zeta(3) + \eta(3)], B = \frac{1}{2} \left[\zeta(3) + \frac{3}{4} \zeta(3) \right]$$

$$B = \left[\frac{7}{8} \zeta(3) \right] \otimes$$

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$$(3) C = \int_0^1 \frac{f(y)}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{(Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y))}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \left[2\sqrt{y} \left((Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y))_0^1 + 2 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \ln(1-y) - 2 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \ln(1+y) dy \right) \right]$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\pi^2}{2} + 2 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \ln(1-y) - 2 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \ln(1+y) dy \right]$$

$$C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \int_0^1 y^{-\frac{1}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{1-y}{1+y}\right) dy \right], C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \left[4 \int_0^1 \ln\left(\frac{1-y^2}{1+y^2}\right) dy \right]$$

$$C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + 2 \left[y \ln\left(\frac{1-y^2}{1+y^2}\right) + 2 \int_0^1 \frac{y^2 dy}{1-y^2} + 2 \int_0^1 \frac{y^2 dy}{1+y^2} \right]$$

$$C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + 2 \left[y \ln\left(\frac{1-y^2}{1+y^2}\right) + 2 \left(-y + \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1+y}{1-y}\right) \right) + 2(y - \tan^{-1} y) \right]_0^1$$

$$C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + 2[(y-1) \ln(1-y) + (y+1) \ln(1+y) - y \ln(1+y^2) - 2 \tan^{-1} y]_0^1$$

$$C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + 2 \left[(2) \ln(2) - \ln(2) - \frac{\pi}{2} \right], C = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + (2) \ln(2) - \pi \quad \otimes$$

$$(4) D = \int_0^1 f(y) \ln y dy$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \ln y (Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)) dy, D = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \Big|_{s=0} \left[\int_0^1 y^s (Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y)) dy \right]$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \Big|_{s=0} \left[\frac{y^{s+1}}{s+1} (Li_2(y) - Li_2(-y))_0^1 + \int_0^1 \frac{y^s}{s+1} \ln\left(\frac{1-y}{1+y}\right) dy \right]$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \Big|_{s=0} \left[\frac{1}{s+1} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \int_0^1 \frac{y^s}{s+1} \ln(1-y) dy - \frac{1}{s+1} \int_0^1 y^s \ln(1+y) dy \right]$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \Big|_{s=0} \left[\frac{\pi^2}{4(s+1)} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)} \left[-\frac{1}{s+1} \int_0^1 y^{s+k+1} dy - (-1)^k \int_0^1 y^{s+k+1} dy \right] \right]$$

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$$D = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \Big|_{s=0} \left[\frac{\pi^2}{4(s+1)} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)} \left[-\frac{1}{(s+1)(k+s+2)} - \frac{(-1)^k}{(s+1)(s+k+2)} \right] \right]$$

$$D = \left[-\frac{\pi^2}{8} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)} \left[\frac{1}{(k+2)} + \frac{1}{(k+2)^2} + \frac{(-1)^k}{(k+2)} + \frac{(-1)^k}{(k+2)^2} \right] \right]$$

$$D = \left[-\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \left[(\psi(2) + \gamma) + \left(2 - \frac{\pi^2}{6} \right) + (\ln 2) - (1 - \ln 2) + \left(-2 + \frac{\pi^2}{12} + 2 \ln 2 \right) \right] \right]$$

$$D = \left[-\frac{\pi^2}{8} + \frac{1}{2} + \left(1 - \frac{\pi^2}{12} \right) - \frac{1}{2} + \ln 2 + \left(-1 + \frac{\pi^2}{25} + \ln 2 \right) \right]$$

$$D = \left[-\frac{\pi^2}{6} + 2 \ln 2 \right] (*)$$