

# R M M

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In  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $I$  – incenter, the following relationship holds:

$$r \left( \sum_{cyc} (m_a + r_a) \right) \left( \sum_{cyc} (IA + r_a) \right) \leq sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum_{cyc} (m_a + h_a) - 3r \right)$$

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$$\text{Firstly, } s^2 - 2Rr + r^2 \geq \sqrt{8Rr}\sqrt{s^2 + 4Rr + r^2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (s^2 - 2Rr + r^2)^2 \geq 8Rr(s^2 + 4Rr + r^2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow s^4 + (2Rr - r^2)^2 - 2s^2(2Rr - r^2) \geq 8Rrs^2 + 8Rr(4Rr + r^2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow s^4 \stackrel{(1)}{\geq} s^2(12Rr - 2r^2) + 8Rr(4Rr + r^2) - (2Rr - r^2)^2$$

$$\text{Now, LHS of (1)} \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} s^2(16Rr - 5r^2)$$

$$\stackrel{?}{\geq} s^2(12Rr - 2r^2) + 8Rr(4Rr + r^2) - (2Rr - r^2)^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow s^2(4Rr - 3r^2) \stackrel{?}{\stackrel{(2)}{\geq}} 8Rr(4Rr + r^2) - (2Rr - r^2)^2$$

$$\text{Again, LHS of (2)} \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} (16Rr - 5r^2)(4Rr - 3r^2)$$

$$\stackrel{?}{\geq} 8Rr(4Rr + r^2) - (2Rr - r^2)^2 \Leftrightarrow 9R^2 - 20Rr + 4r^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (R - 2r)(9R - 2r) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because R \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2r$$

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$$\therefore s^2 - 2Rr + r^2 \stackrel{(a)}{\geq} \sqrt{8Rr} \sqrt{s^2 + 4Rr + r^2}$$

$$\text{Secondly, } \frac{b+c}{2} \geq \sqrt{2r(r_b + r_c)} \Leftrightarrow \frac{(b+c)^2}{4} \geq 2r \left( \frac{rs}{s-b} + \frac{rs}{s-c} \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{(b+c)^2}{4} \geq 2r^2 s \left( \frac{2s-b-c}{(s-b)(s-c)} \right) = \frac{2a(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}{(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (b+c)^2 \geq 4a(b+c-a) \Leftrightarrow (b+c)^2 + 4a^2 - 4a(b+c) \geq 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (b+c-2a)^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \therefore \frac{b+c}{2} \geq \sqrt{2r(r_b + r_c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{2rs \left( \frac{\sin \frac{B}{2}}{\cos \frac{B}{2}} + \frac{\sin \frac{C}{2}}{\cos \frac{C}{2}} \right)} = \sqrt{2rs \left( \frac{\sin \frac{B+C}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2}}{\prod \cos \frac{A}{2}} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left( \frac{2rs}{\left( \frac{s}{4R} \right)} \right) \cos^2 \frac{A}{2}} = \sqrt{8Rr} \cos \frac{A}{2} \therefore \frac{b+c}{2} \stackrel{(b)}{\geq} \sqrt{8Rr} \cos \frac{A}{2}$$

$$\text{Thirdly, } \sum AI = r \sum \sqrt{\frac{bc}{(s-b)(s-c)}} = r \sum \sqrt{\frac{bc(s-a)}{r^2 s}} \stackrel{CBS}{\leq} \frac{\sqrt{\sum ab} \sqrt{\sum (s-a)}}{\sqrt{s}} = \sqrt{\sum ab}$$

$$\therefore \sum AI \stackrel{(c)}{\leq} \sqrt{s^2 + 4Rr + r^2}$$

$$\text{Now, } \sum h_a - 3r = \frac{s^2 + 4Rr + r^2}{2R} - 3r = \frac{s^2 - 2Rr + r^2}{2R} \stackrel{\text{by (a)}}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt{8Rr} \sqrt{s^2 + 4Rr + r^2}}{2R}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{by (c)}}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt{8Rr} \sum AI}{2R} = \sqrt{\frac{2r}{R}} \sum AI \Rightarrow sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum h_a - 3r \right) \geq sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sqrt{\frac{2r}{R}} \sum AI \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum h_a - 3r \right) \stackrel{(d)}{\geq} (s\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr}) \left( \sum AI \right)$$

$$\text{Also, } sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum m_a \right) \stackrel{\text{Ioscu}}{\geq} sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum \frac{b+c}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2} \right) \stackrel{\text{by (b)}}{\geq} sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum \sqrt{8Rr} \cos^2 \frac{A}{2} \right)$$

$$= (sR\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr}) \left( \sum (1 + \cos A) \right) = (sR\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr}) \left( 3 + 1 + \frac{r}{R} \right)$$

$$= (s\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr})(4R + r) \therefore sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum m_a \right) \stackrel{(e)}{\geq} (s\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr}) \left( \sum r_a \right)$$

$$\text{(d)+(e)} \Rightarrow sR\sqrt{3} \left( \sum (m_a + h_a) - 3r \right) \stackrel{(i)}{\geq} (s\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr}) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right)$$

$$\text{Moreover, } r \left( \sum (m_a + r_a) \right) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right) \leq r \left( \sum (r_a + r_a) \right) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right)$$

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$$= 2r(4R + r) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow r \left( \sum (m_a + r_a) \right) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right) \stackrel{(ii)}{\leq} 2r(4R + r) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right)$$

(i), (ii)  $\Rightarrow$  it suffices to prove:

$$(s\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2Rr}) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right) \geq 2r(4R + r) \left( \sum (IA + r_a) \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2Rr(3s^2) \geq 4r^2(4R + r)^2 \Leftrightarrow 3Rs^2 \stackrel{(m)}{\geq} 2r(4R + r)^2$$

$$\text{Now, LHS of (m)} \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} 3R(16Rr - 5r^2) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 2r(4R + r)^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 16R^2 - 31Rr - 2r^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \Leftrightarrow (R - 2r)(16R + r) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because R \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2r$$

$\Rightarrow$  (m)  $\Rightarrow$  proposed inequality is true (Proved)