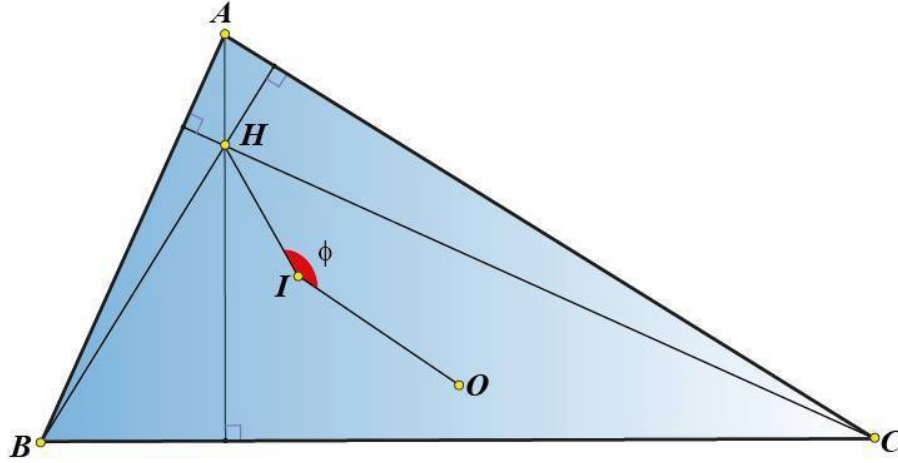


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ABC – acute angled triangle, H – orthocenter, O – circumcircle center, I – incenter. Prove: $\angle OIH > 135^\circ$

Proposed by Abdilkadir Altintas-Afyonkarashisar-Turkey

Solution by Tran Hong-Dong Thap-Vietnam

$$\text{In } \Delta ABC \text{ - acute. We have: } OI = \sqrt{R^2 - 2Rr} \rightarrow OI^2 = R^2 - 2Rr$$

$$OH = \sqrt{9R^2 - (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)} \rightarrow OH^2 = 9R^2 - (a^2 + b^2 + c^2) = \\ = 9R^2 + 8rR + 2r^2 - 2s^2$$

$$HI = \sqrt{2r^2 - 4R^2 \cos A \cos B \cos C} = \sqrt{2r^2 - (s^2 - (2R + r)^2)} = \\ = \sqrt{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2} \rightarrow HI^2 = 4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2$$

$$\text{Applying the Cosine rule we have: } \cos \widehat{OHI} = \frac{HI^2 + OI^2 - OH^2}{2 \cdot HI \cdot OI} \\ = \frac{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2 + R^2 - 2Rr - (9R^2 + 8rR + 2r^2 - 2s^2)}{2\sqrt{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2} \cdot \sqrt{R^2 - 2Rr}} \\ = \frac{r^2 - 4R^2 - 6Rr + s^2}{2\sqrt{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2} \cdot \sqrt{R^2 - 2Rr}}$$

$$\text{We must show that: } \cos \widehat{OHI} < -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \leftrightarrow \frac{r^2 - 4R^2 - 6Rr + s^2}{2\sqrt{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2} \cdot \sqrt{R^2 - 2Rr}} < -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\leftrightarrow r^2 - 4R^2 - 6Rr + s^2 < -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2}\sqrt{R^2 - 2Rr}$$

$$\leftrightarrow 4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2 > \sqrt{2}\sqrt{4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2}\sqrt{R^2 - 2Rr} \quad (*)$$

$$\text{Because: } s^2 \leq 4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 \rightarrow 4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2 \geq$$

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$$\geq 4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - (4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2) = 2Rr - 2r^2 =$$

$$= 2r(R - r) \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2r(2r - r) = 2r^2 > 0$$

$$(*) \leftrightarrow (4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2)^2 > 2(4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2)(R^2 - 2Rr)$$

$$\leftrightarrow (4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2)(4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2) >$$

$$> 2(4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2)(R^2 - 2Rr)$$

Which is true because:

$$4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2 > 2(4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 - s^2) \leftrightarrow s^2 \stackrel{(1)}{>} 4R^2 + 2Rr + 7r^2$$

But: ΔABC - acute $\rightarrow s^2 > (2R + r)^2 \rightarrow (1)$ true because:

$$(2R + r)^2 > 4R^2 + 2Rr + 7r^2 \leftrightarrow 4Rr > 6r^2 \leftrightarrow R > \frac{3}{2}r \left(\because R \geq 2r > \frac{3}{2}r \right)$$

$$4R^2 + 6Rr - r^2 - s^2 > (R^2 - 2Rr) \leftrightarrow 3R^2 + 8Rr - r^2 \stackrel{(2)}{>} s^2$$

But: ΔABC - acute $\rightarrow \cos 2A + \cos 2B + \cos 2C = \frac{3R^2 + 4Rr + r^2 - s^2}{R^2} > 0$

$$\rightarrow 3R^2 + 4Rr + r^2 - s^2 > 0 \rightarrow 3R^2 + 4Rr + r^2 > s^2 \rightarrow (2) \text{ true because:}$$

$$3R^2 + 8Rr - r^2 \geq 3R^2 + 4Rr + r^2 \leftrightarrow 4Rr \geq 2r^2 \leftrightarrow R \geq 2r \text{ (Euler)}$$

From (1) and (2) we have () is true: $\rightarrow \cos \widehat{OHI} < -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow \widehat{OHI} > 135^\circ$*