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Solve for real numbers:

$$\log_{\cos^{-1} x}(\sin^{-1} x) \cdot \log(1 + \cos^{-1} x) = \log_{\sin^{-1} x}(\cos^{-1} x) \cdot \log(1 + \sin^{-1} x)$$

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$0 < \sin^{-1} x, \cos^{-1} x \neq 1$, then we have:

$$\log_{\cos^{-1} x}(\sin^{-1} x) \cdot \log(1 + \cos^{-1} x) = \log_{\sin^{-1} x}(\cos^{-1} x) \cdot \log(1 + \sin^{-1} x)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\log(\sin^{-1} x)}{\log(\cos^{-1} x)} \log(1 + \cos^{-1} x) = \frac{\log(\cos^{-1} x)}{\log(\sin^{-1} x)} \cdot \log(1 + \sin^{-1} x)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\log(1 + \cos^{-1} x)}{\log^2(\cos^{-1} x)} = \frac{\log(1 + \sin^{-1} x)}{\log^2(\sin^{-1} x)} \quad (*)$$

$$\text{Let } f(t) = \frac{\log(1+t)}{\log^2 t}; \quad 0 < t \neq 1 \Rightarrow f'(t) = \frac{1}{1+t} \cdot \log t - 2 \frac{1}{t} \log(1+t)}{\log^3 t}$$

$$f'(t) > 0 \Leftrightarrow 0 < t < 1 \Rightarrow f(t) \nearrow \text{ on } (0, 1)$$

$$f'(t) < 0 \Leftrightarrow t > 1 \Rightarrow f(t) \searrow \text{ on } (1; +\infty)$$

$$\stackrel{(*)}{\Rightarrow} f(\cos^{-1} x) = f(\sin^{-1} x) \Leftrightarrow \cos^{-1} x = \sin^{-1} x \Leftrightarrow \sin(\cos^{-1} x) = \sin(\sin^{-1} x)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \Leftrightarrow x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \stackrel{1 \neq x > 0}{\Leftrightarrow} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$