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If in ΔABC , O – circumcenter, I – incenter then:

$$\sqrt{m_a^2 - w_a^2} + \sqrt{m_b^2 - w_b^2} + \sqrt{m_c^2 - w_c^2} \leq 2\sqrt{3} \cdot OI$$

Proposed by Rovsen Pirgulyev-Sumgait-Azerbaijan

Solution 1 by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India, Solution 2 by

Myagmarsuren Yadamsuren-Darkhan-Mongolia

Solution 1 by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\Delta} \sqrt{\frac{2(b^2 + c^2) - a^2}{4} - \frac{bc((b+c)^2 - a^2)}{(b+c)^2}} &= \sum_{\Delta} \sqrt{\frac{b^2 + c^2}{2} - \frac{a^2}{4} - bc + \frac{a^2 \cdot bc}{(b+c)^2}} \stackrel{Mg \leq M_a}{\leq} \\ &\leq \sum_{\Delta} \sqrt{\frac{b^2 + c^2}{2} - \frac{a^2}{4} - bc + \frac{a^2(b+c)^2}{4(b+c)^2}} = \sum_{\Delta} \sqrt{\frac{b^2 + c^2}{2} - bc - \frac{a^2}{4} + \frac{a^2}{4}} \stackrel{CBS}{\leq} \\ &\leq \sqrt{3 \left(\sum a^2 - \sum ab \right)} = \sqrt{3(2s^2 - 8Rr - 2r^2 - s^2 - 4Rr - r^2)} = \\ &= \sqrt{3(s^2 - 12Rr - 3r^2)} \stackrel{GERRETSEN}{\leq} \sqrt{3(4R^2 - 8Rr)} = 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{R(R-2r)} = 2\sqrt{3} \cdot OI \end{aligned}$$

Solution 2 by Myagmarsuren Yadamsuren-Darkhan-Mongolia

$$\sqrt{m_a^2 - w_a^2} + \sqrt{m_b^2 - w_b^2} + \sqrt{m_c^2 - w_c^2} \stackrel{(i)}{\leq} 2\sqrt{3}OI$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 m_a^2 - w_a^2 &= \frac{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2}{4} - \frac{4b^2c^2}{(b+c)^2} \cdot \frac{s(s-a)}{bc} = \\
 &= \frac{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2}{4} - \frac{bc(b+c+a)(b+c-a)}{(b+c)^2} = \\
 &= \frac{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2}{4} - \frac{bc\{(b+c)^2 - a^2\}}{(b+c)^2} = \frac{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2}{4} - \\
 -bc + \frac{a^2bc}{(b+c)^2} &= \frac{2(b-c)^2 - a^2}{4} + \frac{a^2bc}{(b+c)^2} = \frac{(b-c)^2}{2} - a^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{4} - \frac{bc}{(b+c)^2} \right\} = \\
 &= \frac{(b-c)^2}{2} - \frac{a^2}{4(b+c)^2} \{(b+c)^2 - 4bc\} = \frac{(b-c)^2}{2} = \frac{a^2(b-c)^2}{4(b+c)^2} \stackrel{(1)}{\leq} \frac{(b-c)^2}{2} \\
 \left(\because \frac{a^2(b-c)^2}{4(b+c)^2} \geq 0 \right). & \text{ Similarly, } m_b^2 - w_b^2 \stackrel{(2)}{\leq} \frac{(c-a)^2}{2} \text{ \& } m_c^2 - w_c^2 \stackrel{(3)}{\leq} \frac{(a-b)^2}{2} \\
 (1)+(2)+(3) \Rightarrow \sum (m_a^2 - w_a^2) & \stackrel{(a)}{\leq} \frac{\sum (a-b)^2}{2} = \sum a^2 - \sum ab. \text{ Now, LHS of (i) } \stackrel{CBS}{\leq} \\
 \leq \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\sum (m_a^2 - w_a^2)} & \stackrel{by (a)}{\leq} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\sum a^2 - \sum ab} \stackrel{(i)}{\leq} 2\sqrt{3}OI = 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{R(R-2r)} \Leftrightarrow \\
 \Leftrightarrow s^2 - 12Rr - 3r^2 & \stackrel{(i)}{\leq} 4R(R-2r) \Leftrightarrow s^2 \stackrel{(i)}{\leq} 4R^2 + 4Rr + 3r^2 \rightarrow \text{true (Gerretsen)} \\
 & \text{(Proved)}
 \end{aligned}$$