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Find:

$$\Omega = \int_{n+1}^{n+2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n \left(\frac{1}{x-j} \right) \right) dx$$

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Solution by Ravi Prakash-New Delhi-India

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n \frac{1}{x-j} &= \frac{(x-1) + (x-2) + \dots + (x-n)}{(x-1)(x-2) \dots (x-n)} \\ &= \frac{nx - \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)}{(x-1)(x-2) \dots (x-n)} = \sum_{k=1}^n \left(n(k) - \frac{1}{2}n(n+1) \right) \frac{a_k}{x-k} \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} a_k &= \frac{1}{\underbrace{(k-1)(k-2) \dots (1)}_{(k-1) \text{ factors}} \underbrace{(-1)(-2) \dots (k-n)}_{(n-k) \text{ factors}}} \\ &= \frac{1}{(k-1)! (-1)^{n-k} (n-k)!} = \frac{(-1)^{n-k}}{(n-1)!} \binom{n-1}{k-1} \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} &\int_{n+1}^{n+2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n \frac{1}{x-j} \right) dx \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{nk - \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)}{(n-1)!} (-1)^k \binom{n-1}{k-1} \ln \left(\frac{n+2-k}{n+1-k} \right) \end{aligned}$$