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If $0 < a, b, c \leq 1$ then:

$$4 \cdot \frac{2a}{a+b} \cdot \frac{2b}{b+a} + 4 \cdot \frac{2b}{b+c} \cdot \frac{2c}{c+b} + 4 \cdot \frac{2c}{c+a} \cdot \frac{2a}{a+c} \leq 9 + (2a-b)^2 + (2b-c)^2 + (2c-a)^2$$

Proposed by Daniel Sitaru – Romania

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$${}^{a+b}\sqrt{(a^2)^a \cdot (b^2)^b} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} \frac{a^2 \cdot a + b^2 \cdot b}{a+b} = a^2 - ab + b^2$$

$$4 \cdot {}^{a+b}\sqrt{(a^2)^a \cdot (b^2)^b} \leq 4(a^2 - ab + b^2) = (2a-b)^2 + 3b^2$$

$$\sum 4 \cdot {}^{a+b}\sqrt{(a^2)^a \cdot (b^2)^b} = \sum (2a-b)^2 + 3 \sum b^2 \leq$$

$$\leq \sum (2a-b)^2 + 3$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{2a}{a+b} \cdot \frac{2b}{b+a} + 4 \cdot \frac{2b}{b+c} \cdot \frac{2c}{c+b} + 4 \cdot \frac{2c}{c+a} \cdot \frac{2a}{a+c} \leq \sum (2a-b)^2 + 3$$