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In any  $\Delta ABC$  with  $\prod(a^2 - bc) \neq 0$ :

$$\frac{9(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca)}{\sum(a^2 - bc)^2} < \sum \frac{1}{a^2 + bc} < \frac{1}{4Rr}$$

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**Probar en todo triángulo ABC, de tal manera que**

$$(a^2 - bc)(b^2 - ca)(c^2 - ab) \neq 0$$

$$\frac{9(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ca)}{(a^2-bc)^2+(b^2-ca)^2+(c^2-ab)^2} < \frac{1}{a^2+bc} + \frac{1}{b^2+ca} + \frac{1}{c^2+ab} < \frac{1}{4Rr}$$

**De la condición se puede afirmar que**

$$a^2 \neq bc, \quad b^2 \neq ca, \quad c^2 \neq ab \Leftrightarrow a \neq b \neq c$$

**Además**

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca = \frac{1}{2}(a-b)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(b-c)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(c-a)^2 > 0$$

**Como  $a \neq b \neq c$**

**Aplicando la desigualdad de Cauchy**

$$\frac{1}{a^2 + bc} + \frac{1}{b^2 + ca} + \frac{1}{c^2 + ab} > \frac{9}{a^2 + bc + b^2 + ca + c^2 + ab}$$

**Por último**

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{9}{a^2+b^2+c^2+ab+bc+ca} &= \frac{9(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ca)}{(a^2+b^2+c^2+ab+bc+ca)(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ca)} = \\ &= \frac{9(\sum a^2 - ab)}{\sum(a^2 - bc)^2} \quad (\text{LQOD}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{donde} \rightarrow (a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + ab + bc + ca) =$$

$$= (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)^2 - (ab + bc + ca)^2 = \sum (a^2 - bc)^2$$



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*Como  $a, b, c$  son lados de un  $\Delta ABC$  se cumple*

$$\frac{1}{ab} + \frac{1}{bc} + \frac{1}{ca} = \frac{1}{2Rr}$$

*Es necesario probar*

$$\frac{1}{a^2 + bc} + \frac{1}{b^2 + ca} + \frac{1}{c^2 + ab} < \frac{1}{2ab} + \frac{1}{2bc} + \frac{1}{2ca}$$

*Aplicando  $MA > MG$*

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a^2 + bc} + \frac{1}{b^2 + ca} + \frac{1}{c^2 + ab} &< \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{bc}} + \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{ca}} + \frac{1}{2c\sqrt{ab}} < \\ &< \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{ab} + \frac{1}{ac} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{bc} + \frac{1}{ba} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{ca} + \frac{1}{cb} \right) = \sum \frac{1}{2ab} = \frac{1}{4Rr} \end{aligned}$$