

COMMENTED PROBLEM 30

MARIN CHIRCIU

1. Let be $a, b, c \in (0, \infty)$. Prove that

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} + \frac{b^2}{c^2} + \frac{c^2}{a^2} + \frac{30abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} \geq \frac{27}{4}.$$

Proposed by Costel Anghel – Romania

Proof.

Denoting $\frac{a}{b} = x, \frac{b}{c} = y, \frac{c}{a} = z$, we have $x, y, z > 0$ and $xyz = 1$.

We write
$$\frac{abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a+b}{b}\right)\left(\frac{b+c}{c}\right)\left(\frac{c+a}{a}\right)} = \frac{1}{(x+1)(y+1)(z+1)}$$

We reformulate the problem:

If $x, y, z > 0$ and $xyz = 1$, prove that
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + \frac{30}{(x+1)(y+1)(z+1)} \geq \frac{27}{4}.$$

Denoting $x + y + z = t$, we have $t \geq 3\sqrt[3]{xyz} = 3$; $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \geq \frac{(x+y+z)^2}{3} = \frac{t^2}{3}$

$(x+y+z)^2 \geq 3(xy+yz+zx) \Rightarrow xy+yz+zx \leq \frac{t^2}{3}$; $(x+y+z)^3 \geq 27xyz \Rightarrow xyz \leq \frac{t^3}{27}$;

We have $(x+1)(y+1)(z+1) = xyz + xy + yz + zx + x + y + z + 1 \leq \frac{t^3}{27} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t + 1$.

It suffices to prove that:

$$\frac{t^2}{3} + \frac{30}{\frac{t^3}{27} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t + 1} \geq \frac{27}{4} \Leftrightarrow \frac{t^2}{3} + \frac{810}{t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27} \geq \frac{27}{4} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$4t^2(t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27) + 9720 \geq 81(t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27) \Leftrightarrow 4t^5 + 36t^4 + 27t^3 - 621t^2 - 2187t + 7533 \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow (t-3)(4t^2 + 48t^3 + 171t^2 - 108t - 2511) \geq 0,$$

Which follows from $t - 3 \geq 0$ and $4t^2 + 48t^3 + 171t^2 - 108t - 2511 \geq 324 > 0$.

Equality holds for $x = y = z = 1$, namely for $a = b = c$. □

Remark.

The inequality can be developed:

2. Let be $a, b, c \in (0, \infty)$ and $n \leq 32$. Prove that

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} + \frac{b^2}{c^2} + \frac{c^2}{a^2} + n \cdot \frac{abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} \geq 3 + \frac{n}{8}$$

Proposed by Marin Chirciu - Romania

Proof.

Denoting $\frac{a}{b} = x, \frac{b}{c} = y, \frac{c}{a} = z$, we have $x, y, z > 0$ and $xyz = 1$.

We write $\frac{abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a+b}{b}\right)\left(\frac{b+c}{c}\right)\left(\frac{c+a}{a}\right)} = \frac{1}{(x+1)(y+1)(z+1)}$.

The problem can be reformulated:

If $x, y, z > 0$ and $xyz = 1$, prove that $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + \frac{n}{(x+1)(y+1)(z+1)} \geq 3 + \frac{n}{8}$.

Denoting $x + y + z = t$, we have $t \geq 3\sqrt[3]{xyz} = 3$; $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \geq \frac{(x+y+z)^2}{3} = \frac{t^2}{3}$

$(x+y+z)^2 \geq 3(xy+yz+zx) \Rightarrow xy+yz+zx \leq \frac{t^2}{3}$; $(x+y+z)^3 \geq 27xyz \Rightarrow xyz \leq \frac{t^3}{27}$;

We have $(x+1)(y+1)(z+1) = xyz + xy + yz + zx + x + y + z + 1 \leq \frac{t^3}{27} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t + 1$.

It suffices to prove that:

$$\frac{t^2}{3} + \frac{n}{\frac{t^3}{27} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t + 1} \geq 3 + \frac{n}{8} \Leftrightarrow \frac{t^2}{3} + \frac{27n}{t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27} \geq \frac{n + 24}{8} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$8t^2(t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27) + 648n \geq (3n + 72)(t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$8t^5 + 72t^4 + (144 - 3n)t^3 - (27n + 432)t^2 - (81n + 1944)t + 567n - 1944 \geq 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (t - 3)(8t^4 + 96t^3 + (432 - 3n)t^2 + (864 - 36n)t + 648 - 189n) \geq 0,$$

Which follows from $t - 3 \geq 0$ and $8t^4 + 96t^3 + (432 - 3n)t^2 + (864 - 36n)t + 648 - 189n \geq 0$,

for $n \leq 32$.

The equality holds for $x = y = z = 1$, namely for $a = b = c$.

□

We can formulate the following problem:

3. Let be $a, b, c \in (0, \infty)$. Prove that

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} + \frac{b^2}{c^2} + \frac{c^2}{a^2} + \frac{32abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} \geq 7.$$

Proof 1.

Denoting $\frac{a}{b} = x, \frac{b}{c} = y, \frac{c}{a} = z$, we have $x, y, z > 0$ and $xyz = 1$.

We write $\frac{abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a+b}{b}\right)\left(\frac{b+c}{c}\right)\left(\frac{c+a}{a}\right)} = \frac{1}{(x+1)(y+1)(z+1)}$.

The problem can be reformulated:

If $x, y, z > 0$ and $xyz = 1$, prove that $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + \frac{30}{(x+1)(y+1)(z+1)} \geq \frac{27}{4}$.

Denoting $x + y + z = t$, we have $t \geq 3\sqrt[3]{xyz} = 3$; $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \geq \frac{(x+y+z)^2}{3} = \frac{t^2}{3}$

$(x+y+z)^2 \geq 3(xy+yz+zx) \Rightarrow xy+yz+zx \leq \frac{t^2}{3}$; $(x+y+z)^3 \geq 27xyz \Rightarrow xyz \leq \frac{t^3}{27}$;

We have $(x+1)(y+1)(z+1) = xyz + xy + yz + zx + x + y + z + 1 \leq \frac{t^3}{27} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t + 1$

It suffices to prove that:

$$\frac{t^2}{3} + \frac{32}{\frac{t^3}{27} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t + 1} \geq 7 \Leftrightarrow \frac{t^2}{3} + \frac{864}{t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27} \geq 7 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$t^2(t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27) + 2592 \geq 21(t^3 + 9t^2 + 27t + 27) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$t^5 + 9t^4 + 6t^3 - 162t^2 - 567t + 2025 \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow (t - 3)(t^4 + 12t^3 + 42t^2 - 36t - 675) \geq 0,$$

Which follows from $t - 3 \geq 0$ and $t^4 + 12t^3 + 42t^2 - 36t - 675 > 0$.

The equality holds for $x = y = z = 1$, namely for $a = b = c$.

□

Proof 2.

We put $n = 32$ in 2.

□

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, "THEODOR COSTESCU" NATIONAL ECONOMIC COLLEGE, DROBETA
TURNU - SEVERIN, MEHEDINTI.

E-mail address: dansitaru63@yahoo.com