



If $f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow (0, \infty)$ integrable, such that $f(x) + g(x) \leq 8$ then:

$$\int_a^b \frac{f(x)\sqrt{g(x)} + g(x)\sqrt{f(x)}}{f(x) - \sqrt{f(x)g(x)} + g(x)} dx \leq 4(b - a)$$

Proposed by Daniel Sitaru – Romania

Solution by Anas Adlany - El Jadida – Morocco

We have for all $t, z > 0$;

$$\frac{t\sqrt{z} + z\sqrt{t}}{t + z - \sqrt{zt}} = \sqrt{zt} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{t}}{\underbrace{t + z - \sqrt{zt}}_{\geq \sqrt{zt}}} \leq \sqrt{z} + \sqrt{t} \leq \sqrt{2(z + t)}$$

(because $x + y \leq \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$)

So put $z = f(x)$ and $t = g(x)$ to find:

$$\frac{f(x)\sqrt{g(x)} + g(x)\sqrt{f(x)}}{f(x) - \sqrt{f(x)g(x)} + g(x)} \leq \sqrt{2}\sqrt{(f(x) + g(x))} \leq 4 \Rightarrow$$
$$\Rightarrow \int_a^b \frac{f(x)\sqrt{g(x)} + g(x)\sqrt{f(x)}}{f(x) - \sqrt{f(x)g(x)} + g(x)} dx \leq 4(b - a)$$